GOD’S DEALINGS WITH EGYPT AND ISRAEL
NO. 2723

A SERMON
INTENDED FOR READING ON LORD’S-DAY, APRIL 21, 1901.
DELIVERED BY C. H. SPURGEON,
AT THE METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE, NEWINGTON,
ON LORD’S-DAY EVENING, JUNE 27, 1880.

“And smote all the first-born in Egypt; the chief of their strength in the tabernacles of Ham: but made His own people to go forth like sheep, and guided them in the wilderness like a flock.”
Psalm 78:51, 52.

THERE is a very sharp line of division here between the Egyptians and the Lord’s own people, and that line of division always has existed and always will, for all attempts to blend the seed of the serpent with the seed of the woman must fail. Between the church and the world, however debased the church may become, and however reformed the world may be, there will still be a clear distinction even until the end—and that distinction will be seen in the day of the appearing of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ, when “before Him shall be gathered all nations: and He shall separate them one from another, as a shepherd divides his sheep from the goats: and He shall set the sheep on His right hand, but the goats on the left.”

At the present moment, in this congregation, though no human eye can read all our characters, there is a clear division among us who are here. If some infallible “teller” could now divide the house into Yeses and Noes, separating those who are on God’s side from those who are not, the spectacle would be a very striking one. I pray that each one’s own conscience may, at least in some measure, make that division and that we may all think within ourselves whether we fear the God of Israel or do not fear Him—whether we are for Him or against Him—for you can be well assured that as God dealt with Egypt of old, so will He deal with all His adversaries! And as He dealt with Israel of old, so will He deal with all His own people. The “parable” (for that is the expression with which the Psalm begins), will be written out again in history, and be repeated, enlarged and intensified throughout eternity. God has made an everlasting distinction between those who fear Him and those who fear Him not—and that distinction will be seen in His dealings with the children of men.

I want you, first, to spend a few minutes in solemnly and sadly thinking of the punishment of Egypt. And then we will more joyfully meditate upon the salvation of Israel.

I. First, let us think of THE PUNISHMENT OF EGYPT.

Egypt, through its kings, had become the determined adversary of God. “Who is Jehovah, that I should obey His voice?” was the challenge flung down by Pharaoh in defiance. And the Lord, who is a man of War, was not slow to accept it. Then came that great conflict between the stony-hearted king and Jehovah, the God of Israel. To all but the eye of faith, it seemed a very hopeless thing to expect that Israel should ever come forth out of Egypt. They had been so long oppressed and down-trodden that they were really only a vast herd of slaves—they had not the spirit of free men. And when Moses was sent by God to lead them out of the house of bondage, they were rather a hindrance to their deliverer than a help to him. They were a poor race of serfs crushed beneath Pharaoh’s iron heel, yet Jehovah was their God and they were His people. They might be grimy with their labors at the brick kiln. They might sweat in the iron furnace, but God was on their side and He acknowledged them as His people. Notwithstanding their degradation and their sorrow, He heard their cry and He came down to deliver them—and then it became a battle royal between Jehovah of hosts and proud Pharaoh of Egypt. God determined to strike blow after blow—to deal more gently with the tyrant at the first than He did at the last—and to end the battle by letting all men see that potsherds cannot strive successfully against a rod of iron, and that puny man, at his strongest, is as nothing before the might of his Maker! God caused all the first-born of Egypt to die on one night and so delivered His people with a high hand and an outstretched arm.

Let us learn from this, that when God comes to try conclusions between Himself and His enemies, He may allow a certain time to elapse before He overthrows them. He may, for awhile, smite gently, and so give opportunities for repentance. But if they are not accepted, we may depend upon it that God is not
Tell someone today how much you love Jesus Christ.
Carmel. He would find them there. If they should plunge into the depths of the sea, even there would He give commandment to the crooked serpent—and they would be punished for their sin. If they should borrow the wings of the morning and fly unto the uttermost parts of the earth, His warrant officers would be there first, waiting to arrest the fugitives. There is no escape from God’s judgment and no recovery from His blows. Let God kill the first-born in Egypt, and they are killed! Let God condemn the ungodly, and they are condemned! Let God curse them, and they are indeed cursed! What the curse of God must mean, may you and I, my dear hearers, never know!

I want to turn away from this sad part of my subject, but before I do, I must ask each one of you this question—Are you an enemy of the God of Israel? If so, you can see, in the punishment of Egypt, how He will deal with you. You cannot be victorious in this fight, so yield at once! Possibly you say, “No, I am not an enemy of God, yet I never think of Him.” But He made you! He breathed into you the breath of life and yet you say that you never think of Him? What a shameful slight you thus put upon Him, His Majesty! He is here close to you at this moment. He surrounds your every step with mercy and yet you never think of Him? Shall I give you one of His own messages to remember? It is a very dreadful one: “Consider this, you that forget God, lest I tear you in pieces, and there be none to deliver.” May none of you ever come to know what that terrible verse means! I am glad that it is not the duty of the preacher to look into the future and to see even one of you perishing in sin. I could not bear to turn my eyes that way, nor even to think of it as possible. Escape, I pray you, while you can escape! Flee from the wrath to come! Lay hold on eternal life! The door of God’s mercy is open at present, and whoever believes in Jesus Christ passes in through that door. In fact, He is the door, as He said, “I am the door: by Me if any man enter in, He shall be saved.” Oh, that you may come unto God by Him, and that there may be peace between you and God henceforth and forever!

II. Now I will leave that sorrowful part of my theme, for I want to speak about God’s own people while we think of THE SALVATION OF ISRAEL. The second verse of our text runs thus: “He made His own people to go forth like sheep, and guided them in the wilderness like a flock.”

I might say a great deal about how they came to be His people—by His eternal choice and sovereign grace—but I am not going into the doctrinal side of the subject so much as the practical. Let me say, then, that God has His people to this day—He has a people in this world right now who are as distinctly His as the Jews were—and who are even more separated from the rest of mankind than the children of Israel were from the heathen nations by whom they were surrounded. The all-important question for each one of you is—Do you belong to the Lord’s people? I will tell you what is their distinguishing mark—they are those who have faith. Abraham is the father of the faithful. He believed God, and all those who rely upon God as Abraham did, are Abraham’s spiritual seed—and the Lord is their God. He chose them, but they have also chosen Him. They can truly say, “This God is our God forever and ever: He will be our guide even unto death.” Now, can we who are here say that we believe in the invisible God and that we are trying to worship Him in that simple way which He prefers? We do not invent gaudy ceremonies, nor anything that springs of will-worship—we remember that our Lord Jesus said to the woman at the well, “God is a Spirit: and they that worship Him must worship Him in spirit and in truth.” This is the special and distinctive mark of the child of God, that whereas another man takes into his calculation only as much as he can see, or hear, or touch—this man bases his chief calculation upon God whom he cannot see and whose voice he never heard with his ears—and He lives as seeing Him who is invisible, trusting in Him whom, not having seen, He loves. I ask you, dear friends, is that your character? Have you been brought to trust in Jesus Christ’s blood for the pardon and cleansing of all your sins? And is your life now a life of faith upon the Son of God? “The just shall live by faith” and that faith is the mark of God’s people in the world—they have faith in Him while others have not.

Many men believe in themselves. They boast of being self-made men. It is as well that they did make themselves in that sense, for they are no credit to anybody else! Some people have placed their reliance upon others. In their exercise of faith they go no further than friends whom they can see. Their friends, inasmuch as they rely upon them, and not upon God, practically become their gods. Whatever a man depends upon, whatever rules his mind, whatever governs his affections, whatever is the chief object of his delight—is his god. So we can all judge whether Jehovah is our God or not. Do we realize His presence and power? Do we know that there is such a God? Do we love Him? Do we delight ourselves in Him? Can we truly say that the greatest joy we ever have is that there is such a God and that He is ours, and we are His? The ungodly man who thereby proves that he is a fool, says in his heart, “There is no God.” He wishes there were none, but to the child of God, it would be the greatest loss that he could sustain if he were to lose his God. He delights himself in God. God is his exceeding joy. He is, indeed,
his all. This is the mark of the people of God and God has such a people scattered up and down in all churches and throughout the entire world—and those are the people with whom He will deal as He dealt with Israel of old: “He made His own people to go forth like sheep.”

That leads us to our second point, which is that God brings these people out from among all others. He brought Israel up out of Egypt and if you are one of His people, He will fetch you out of the world. You may live for years in the world, as the Israelites lived in Goshen, and you may say to yourself, “I do not want a better heritage than this.” But if you are one of the Lord’s own, He will turn that Goshen of yours into a place of bondage until you sigh, and cry, and long to be delivered from it! God did not drive His people out of Egypt, but He led them—they came willingly and gladly, for Egypt had become a place of misery to them. So does the world become, with all its sinful pleasures. Its fine glories turn to emptiness and vanity to the true child of God and God fetches him out of it all. I have been astonished, sometimes, at the way in which God fetches out His people. Some of them get as far into the enemy’s country as ever they can, but He brings them out. Some have gone into drunkenness, others into blasphemy, some even into what they call Free Thought—which is a state of sad bondage to the soul—and they have thought that there they would never be reached by God’s mercy, yet He has tracked them out, brought them back to Himself with weeping and supplication, and made them loathe the place and the company that they once loved! When that prodigal son went away from home, with his purse full of gold and silver, it did not look as though he would ever go back to his father. Look at him there in the far country, wasting his substance with riotous living! What vile company he frequented! There was nothing filthy but he delighted in it—and so it came to pass that in process of time, a citizen of that country sent him into his fields to feed swine.

The prodigal had neither swine nor fields of his own. He had been living at such a rate that he had spent all that he had. Yet he did come back to his home, for he was his father’s own child—he was obliged to go back or to starve. It is a good thing for prodigals to be brought to extremities. Some time ago I met with a young man, the son of a very godly father, and I was grieved to hear him ridicule religion and ridicule it very bitterly, too. In the course of our conversation, he said that he was keeping racehorses, and I said to him, “Keep as many as you can, for there is no hope of your ever coming back to God till you have spent all that you have, so spend it as fast as you can. Get down to the swine trough, and when you are ready to fill your belly with the husks, I daresay you will want to come back.” He said that I was very sarcastic, but I told him that I was in solemn earnest and that I thought that was the usual way in which prodigates went. When they have spent all, there arises a mighty famine in the land—and when they begin to be in need, they come back. But why should any of you need God to use such rough methods of fetching you back to Him? Go home at once, poor wandering child, to the great God who waits to welcome you! Oh, that His Spirit may constrain you even now!

So we see that God still has a people in the world, and that He will fetch out those people of His from the rest of mankind. With a high hand, and an outstretched arm He will bring them out, even as He brought Israel out of Egypt!

Notice, next, that the Lord not only brings His people away from others, but He brings them to Himself: “He made His own people to go forth like sheep, and guided them in the wilderness like a flock.” He Himself going before them through the desert way like a shepherd. Oh, that God would, this very hour, bring out of the world and unto Himself some of those whom He has chosen, for that is the soul’s true place—following God as the sheep follow the shepherd! Where can any soul be so much at home as with the God who made it? Where is a son ever so completely in his right place as when he is at his father’s table? Where can my poor heart ever hope to find rest but on the bosom of my God? Oh, that the Lord would, in His infinite mercy, bring any wanderers who are here to Himself! The way to God must always be through Jesus Christ—He Himself said, “No man comes unto the Father, but by Me.” O poor wandering souls, come to God through Jesus Christ His Son! Follow where He leads and always walk in His way!

Further, in bringing sinners to Himself, God will also bring them to one another. “He made His own people to go forth like sheep, and guided them in the wilderness like a flock.” He does not say that they should be like a solitary dog that comes at his master’s whistle, but like a flock of sheep that move together in one direction. One mark of the children of God is that they love one another and that they associate with each other. Why have we been guided to form churches, and other Christian communities? It is because we are gregarious creatures and need mutual sympathy and companionship. Christ’s sheep are not like ravening wolves that hunt in pairs, or singly, but they delight in company. There are some professing Christians who seem as if they could get on best by themselves, but I think that the most of us
are never so happy as when we are enjoying fellowship with those who love the same Savior whom we love! We say, concerning the place where we meet with the saints—

“There my best friends, my kindred dwell,  
There God my Savior reigns.”

There is no society for you young people who have been lately converted like the Church of Jesus Christ. So seek admission into it—join with the rest of your brothers and sisters in Christ and make your home with them. I think that you hardly give evidence of being God’s child if you go in and out of His house and never speak to anybody there, and never acknowledge anyone as a brother or sister in the Lord. Where the Father is love, the Spirit is love, and the elder brother is love, love should rule in all the household! “We know that we have passed from death unto life because we love the brethren.” It is one of the marks of God’s people that they love each other! He leads them forth like a flock of sheep. He brings them into union with one another. He gives them happy fellowship in His Church, and so guides them to heaven.

That is our last point—the Lord brings His people out from the world, and brings them to Himself, and to fellowship with one another—and then He guides them to a place of rest, even as He led Israel into Canaan. The Lord is gently leading all believers onward towards their blessed resting place above. You are not going down into Egypt, brother, like poor old Jacob went with the wagons in the olden times—you are going up to Canaan! You shall be fed all through the desert—the manna shall fall all round your tent every morning, the water from the smitten Rock shall flow close to you through all your wanderings—and your Lord Himself has said, “I will never leave you, nor forsake you.” Your hair is whitening, you lean heavily upon your staff, you have not many more years of pilgrimage left, but to the end of your wilderness journey, your feet shall not swell, neither shall your garments wax old upon you—still shall your shoes be iron and brass, and as your days, so shall your strength be! Jehovah never yet forsook any soul that trusted Him! Some of us can bear witness to His faithfulness—not for so many years as others of you have seen—but some of us can talk of 30 years’ experience of a faithful God. And though we have forgotten Him and grieved Him, He has never once broken any promise that He has made! Oh, the deliverances we have had, the merciful interpositions of His gracious hand on our behalf! He is a good God, a blessed God! His praises we can never fully sing. The service of God is happiness below as it is eternal bliss above. If I knew that I would die like a dog. If it could be proven to me that my faith would all turn out to be a delusion, I would like, somehow, never to be free from the delusion! It is so blessed a thing to serve God, even in this life! He gives us such joy and peace that though many are the afflictions of the righteous, yet His service is perfect freedom—and to honor Him is our supreme delight. Blessed be His holy name!

Then comes the end, the passage of the river Jordan and the entrance into the promised inheritance. Perhaps you are asking, “How shall I ever cross that river to enter into the portion that God has marked out for me by line and lot?” Do not be afraid! Many timorous saints go over that long-dreaded stream dry-shod—they never know that they are dying. How many fall asleep on earth, and open their eyes in heaven! I can fancy them almost thinking, “Am I really in eternity?” Yet the soul will never need to ask that question when once it has entered the pearly gates—

“O blissful hour! O blest abode!  
I shall be near and like my God.”

An ethereal joy, such as I never knew to the full, before, shall fill my spirit when once I am absent from the body, present with the Lord! Do not be afraid to die, beloved, but rather look at death as an experience to be desired. I have not the slightest wish to escape it. Those who live till Christ comes, and do not die will have no preference over them that fall asleep in Him. Indeed, they will lose the fellowship with Him, in His death and burial, that others will have. I like that verse which I have often quoted—

“Since Jesus is mine, I’ll not fear undressing,  
But gladly put off these garments of clay;  
To die in the Lord, is a covenant blessing,  
Since Jesus to glory thro’ death led the way.”

Yes, brothers and sisters, our great Joshua will assuredly bring us into the Promised Land, Jordan or no Jordan! We shall have our lot and our inheritance beyond the river, that is, if we truly trust in Him. How about that matter? Are you resting in Jesus Christ, the one Mediator between God and men? Have you faith in the living God? A living people must have a living God. Oh, if your money is your god, if your belly is your god, if this world is your god, if Satan is your god, you will have Egypt’s doom! But if, through Christ Jesus the Lord, God is your one hope, and joy, and confidence, then be not afraid, for
He will lead you through the wilderness, and He will bring you into your eternal rest! God grant it, for Christ’s sake! Amen.

EXPOSITION BY C. H. SPURGEON:
PSALM 37.

It may be, beloved friends, that there is a word of comfort for some of you in this “Psalm of David.” If any of you have been perplexed and worried, and there has been a stern conflict within your spirit, here are some cheering words which will bring a message from God to you.

It may be worth your while to remember that the 37th Psalm and the 73rd are upon the same subject. They are the same figures, reversed, but they both deal with the great mystery which has vexed the hearts of godly men in all generations.

Verses 1, 2. Fret not yourself because of evildoers, neither be you envious against the workers of iniquity. For they shall soon be cut down like the grass, and wither as the green herb.

What a contrast there is between the grass before the mower comes with his scythe, and that same grass when it is cut down! And there is the same kind of difference between the glory of ungodly men at one moment and their destruction the next. How beautiful the fertile meadow appears before you mow its many-colored flowers, yet in how short a time all its beauties are cut down and withered in the sun!

3, 4. Trust in the LORD, and do good; so shall you dwell in the land, and verily you shall be fed. Delight yourself also in the LORD; and He shall give you the desires of your heart.

The psalmist begins with, “Fret not yourself . . . neither be envious,” but he advances to something higher. He seeks to lead his hearer or reader up to “trust in the Lord,” and then still further up to, “delight in the Lord.” A Christian should constantly be on the rising scale—though he is always in the way of change, it should be a change for the better. Take care, dear friends, that you are people of simple trust: “Trust in the Lord”—and then you shall advance to delight in Him! “Delight yourself also in the Lord; and He shall give you the desires of your heart.”

5, 6. Commit your way unto the LORD; trust also in Him; and He shall bring it to pass. And He shall bring forth your righteousness as the light, and your judgment as the noonday.

It may be very dark with you just now, but God will turn your midnight into noonday. It is only He who can do it, therefore be sure to commit your way unto Him: “trust also in Him; and He shall bring it to pass.”

7. Rest in the LORD.

Not only rest on Him, but rest in Him—get into such close fellowship with Him that you really “rest in the Lord.”

7, 8. And wait patiently for Him: fret not yourself because of him who prospers in his way, because of the man who brings wicked devices to pass. Cease from anger, and forsake wrath: fret not yourself in any wise to do evil.

It is fretting that leads to anger and all manner of evil, but when the heart truly rests in God, it forsakes wrath. When we get away from resting in the Lord, we soon drift out upon a very stormy sea where our poor little boats are not able to hold their own. Therefore is it most necessary for us to obey the injunction, “Cease from anger, and forsake wrath: fret not yourself in any wise to do evil.”

9, 10. For evildoers shall be cut off: but those that wait upon the LORD, they shall inherit the earth. For yet a little while, and the wicked shall not be: yes, you shall diligently consider his place, and it shall not be.

The very house he inhabited, the grand estate which he called his own, shall be called by the name of another owner and he shall be blotted out of remembrance.

11-15. But the meek shall inherit the earth; and shall delight themselves in the abundance of peace. The wicked plots against the just, and gnashes upon him with his teeth. The Lord shall laugh at him: for He sees that his day is coming. The wicked have drawn out the sword, and have bent their bow, to cast down the poor and needy, and to slay such as are of upright conversation. Their sword shall enter into their own heart, and their bows shall be broken.

They were so eager “to cast down the poor and needy” that they used both sword and bow against them, yet they could not succeed in their evil designs, for God took care of His own people, and therefore the psalmist was able to say concerning their enemies, “Their sword shall enter into their own heart, and their bows shall be broken.”

16. A little that a righteous man has is better than the riches of many wicked.
“Many wicked.” That is a strong expression! The psalmist does not merely mention the riches of one wicked man, but he says, “A little that a righteous man has is better than the riches of many wicked.”

17. For the arms of the wicked shall be broken: but the LORD upholds the righteous.
He keeps on upholding them. He holds them up and, in another sense, He lifts them up on high, and holds them up near to Himself in the glorious sunshine of fellowship with Him.

18. The LORD knows the days of the upright.
He is well acquainted with their bright days and their dark days. He keeps a diary of all their ever-changing experiences. “The Lord knows the days of the upright.”

19. They shall not be ashamed in the evil time: and in the days of famine they shall be satisfied.
They shall not only get, as we say, “a sup and a bite,” but, “they shall be satisfied.” And that even “in the days of famine,” when other people starve! They are well fed whom God feeds! There is no table like the one furnished and supplied by Omnipotence. He who is infinite in resources can readily supply all our necessities.

20, 21. But the wicked shall perish, and the enemies of the LORD shall be as the fat of lambs: they shall vanish. Into smoke shall they vanish away. The wicked borrows, and pays not again: but the righteous shows mercy and gives.
He prefers to do that rather than to lend; it generally comes to the same thing in the long run, and he may as well know from the first what he is really doing. “The righteous shows mercy and gives.”

22, 23. For such as are blessed of Him shall inherit the earth; and they that are cursed of Him shall be cut off. The steps of a good man are ordered by the LORD: and He delights in his way.
What a beautiful expression that is, “the steps of a good man”—the very steps, the little things, the daily actions, and the ordinary progress of a good man: “The steps of a good man are ordered by the Lord: and He delights in his way.” Our way is sometimes rough, but if God takes a delight in it, it must be right. It is a joy to us to know that the lives of godly men are delightful to the Most High.

24. Though he falls, he shall not be utterly cast down: for the LORD upholds him with His hand.
There may be a stumble, or even a fall, and he will grieve over it. He may suffer great losses and he may think that there is an end to his mercies, but it shall not be so. God’s servants are like the sheep—they may fall many times, but they are soon up again. Hypocrites are like the swine—when they fall, they wallow in the mire, which is their congenial element.

25. I have been young, and now am old; yet have I not seen the righteous forsaken, nor his seed begging bread.
David had not seen the seed of the righteous begging bread, but we have often seen it, for, when the seed of the righteous do not behave themselves, they have to suffer poverty as well as other people. But, under the old covenant, David could truly say that he had not seen this grievous sight. Yet many of us could go as far as David did in the first part of the verse: “I have been young, and now am old; yet have I not seen the righteous forsaken.” No, that shall never be the case and it is a very amazing circumstance which they who have to distribute charity have often noticed—how seldom, comparatively, do they find godly people very greatly reduced. Somehow or other, God provides for them.

The trouble we have with our Orphanages is to find the orphans of godly men and women, for they are very few compared with those of other people, You may look over any list you like, and you shall find that very seldom are the saints reduced to absolute poverty. Yet, when poverty does come, and it does come to some of the very best of men and women, then God blesses it to them, and bears them up beneath it, so that they do not really lack any good thing. As for the gracious man—

26-37. He is ever merciful, and lends; and his seed is blessed. Depart from evil, and do good; and dwell for evermore. For the LORD loves judgment, and forsakes not His saints; they are preserved for ever: but the seed of the wicked shall be cut off. The righteous shall inherit the land, and dwell therein forever. The mouth of the righteous speaks wisdom, and his tongue talks of judgment. The law of his God is in his heart; none of his steps shall slide. The wicked watches the righteous, and seeks to slay him. The LORD will not leave him in his hand, nor condemn him when he is judged. Wait on the LORD, and keep His way, and He shall exalt you to inherit the land: when the wicked are cut off, you shall see it. I have seen the wicked in great power, and spreading himself like a green bay tree. Yet he passed away, and, lo, he was not: yes, I sought him, but he could not be found. Mark the perfect man, and behold the upright: for the end of that man is peace.
When you come to sum up the whole of his life, the total of it amounts to this: “peace.” After all his varied experiences, God did give him rest and with all the turmoil and tossing which came occasionally upon him, still he was a man to be envied. It is the end to which we must always look, after all—and concerning the perfect and upright man the psalmist says, “the end of that man is peace.”

38, 39. *But the transgressors shall be destroyed together: the end of the wicked shall be cut off. But the salvation of the righteous is of the LORD.*

It is not the result of their own goodness or merit—it is wholly “of the Lord.” Righteous men are saved men because the Lord saves them by His grace, and that is where they put their confidence.

39. *He is their strength in the time of trouble.*

Dwell on that sweet short sentence. Not only does the Lord give them strength, but He, Himself, “is their strength in the time of trouble.” He is so near to His people that all the omnipotence of His Godhead is theirs. Are you in trouble just now, dear child of God? Well, you have strength enough to carry you through it all if this is true, as it is: “He is their strength in the time of trouble.” If God Himself is your strength, do not talk about being weak! Of course you are weakness, itself, apart from Him—do not expect to be anything other than that—but then remember the psalmist’s declaration, “He is their strength in the time of trouble.”

40. *And the LORD shall help them.*

Do you need anything more than this great promise? You have a heavy load to carry, but it is nothing to Him who is omnipotent: “The Lord shall help them.”

40. *And deliver them.*

He shall help them while they are in the trouble, and bring them out of it in due time.

40. *He shall deliver them from the wicked, and save them, because they trust in Him.*

O dear friends, lean hard upon God! Lay down all your burdens at your Savior’s feet, and rest there in holy and happy confidence in Him! May the Lord give to all of us the grace to enjoy this sweet rest, for His dear Son’s sake. Amen.

**HYMNS FROM “OUR OWN HYMN BOOK”—136, 114, 885, 846.**

Adapted from *The C. H. Spurgeon Collection*, Version 1.0, Ages Software.

**PLEASE PRAY THE HOLY SPIRIT WILL USE THIS SERMON TO BRING MANY TO A SAVING KNOWLEDGE OF JESUS CHRIST.**

By the grace of God, for all 63 volumes of C. H. Spurgeon sermons in Modern English, and 574 Spanish translations, visit: [www.spurgeongems.org](http://www.spurgeongems.org)