SEARCH THE SCRIPTURES
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A SERMON
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“To the law and to the testimony; if they speak not according to this word, it is because there is no light in them.”
Isaiah 8:20

WHEN men will not learn of God, how huge their folly grows! If they despise the wisdom that is from above, how grievously does God allow them to prove their own ignorance! When a man will not bow down before God the Most High, immediately he builds for himself an idol. He makes an image of wood or stone and he degrades himself by bowing before the work of his own hands.

When men will not receive the Scripture testimony concerning God’s creation, straightway they begin to form theories that are a thousand times more ridiculous than they have ever endeavored to make the Bible account of it, for God leaves them, if they will not accept His solution of the problem, to grope for another—and their own solution is so absurd that all the world except themselves have sense enough to laugh at it.

And when men leave the Sacred Book of Revelation, ah! my friends, where do they go? We find that in Isaiah’s time they went to strange places, for he says in the nineteenth verse that they sought unto familiar spirits, unto wizards that did peep and mutter. Yea, they sought for things concerning the living amongst the dead and became the dupes of necromancers.

It is marvelous that the men who most of all rail at faith are remarkable for credulity. One of the greatest unbelievers in the world, who has called himself a free-thinker from his birth, is to be found now tottering into his tomb, believing the veriest absurdity that a child might confute. Not caring to have God in their hearts, forsaking the living fountain, they have hewn out to themselves cisterns which are broken and hold no water.

Oh! that we may each of us be more wise, that we may not forsake the good old path, nor leave the way that God has prepared for us. What wonder we should travel amongst thorns and briars, and rend our own flesh, or worse than that—fall among dark mountains and be lost amongst the chasms thereof, if we despise the guidance of an unerring Father. Seek ye in the word of God and read. Search the Scriptures, for in them you think you have eternal life and these are they that testify of Jesus Christ.

I feel at this particular crisis of religious affairs, that it is imperative upon the Christian minister to urge his people to hold fast the doctrines of the truth—the words of God. This seems likely to become the age of preaching, rather than the age of praying. We now see everywhere large congregations assembling in halls and abbeys to listen to the Word preached. And it is an ominous sign of the times that these sermons are not only now espoused by the orthodox, but even by those whom we have considered to be at least somewhat heretical from the old faith of the Protestant church.

It becomes, therefore, a serious thing. It is most probable—and may not every wise man see it?—that whosoever may now arise who has some powers of oratory and some graces of eloquence will be likely to attract the multitude, preach he what he may—though the word that he should utter be as false as God’s Word is true, and as contrary to the Gospel as hell is opposed to heaven.

Does it not seem probable that in this age he would attract a multitude of followers? And is it not also very likely that through that spurious charity which is now growing upon us—which would gag the mouths of honest reprovers—we shall find it hard to rebuke the impostor when he arises and difficult to expose the falsehood, even though they may be apparent unto us?
We are now happily so well commingled together—the Dissenter and the Churchman have now become so friendly with each other—that we have less to dread the effects of bigotry than the effects of latitudinarianism. We now have some reason to be upon the watchtower, lest haply some should arise in our midst—the spurious offspring of these happy times of evangelical alliance—who will claim our charity whilst they are preaching that which we in our hearts do totally condemn.

And what better advice can the minister give in such times as these? To what book shall he commend his hearers? How shall he keep them fast? Where is the anchor which he shall give them to cast into the rocks? or where are the rocks into which they should cast their anchor? Our text is a solution to that question. We are here furnished with a great answer to the inquiry—“To the law and to the testimony; if they speak not according to this word, it is because there is no light in them.”

First, I shall endeavor this morning to urge you to bring certain things to which we are afraid a superstitious importance may be attached, “to the law and to the testimony.” Secondly, I shall try to show the good effects that will follow if each of you rigidly bring everything you hear and believe, “to the law and to the testimony.” And thirdly, I shall give you some powerful reasons why you should subject everything to this sacred touchstone. And I will close by offering you some little advice how you may do this truly and profitably.

1. Permit me to urge upon you the bringing CERTAIN THINGS “to the law and to the testimony.”

1. First, I would have you bring the ideas engendered in you by your early training to the test of the Book of God. It is very much the custom of people to say, “Was I not born in the Church of England? Ought I not therefore to continue in it?” Or on the other hand “Was not my grandmother an Immersionist? Ought not I, therefore, to continue in the Baptist denomination?”

God forbid that I should say anything against your venerable and pious relatives—or that you should pay any disrespect to their teaching! We always respect their advice, even when we cannot receive it, for the sake of the person who offers it to us—knowing that their training, even should it have been mistaken, was nevertheless well meant.

But we claim for ourselves, as men, that we should not be fed with doctrines as we were fed in our helpless infancy, with food chosen for us. We claim that we should have the right of judging whether the things which we have received and heard are according to this Sacred Book. And if we find that in anything our training has been erroneous, we do not consider that we are violating any principle of affection if we dare to come forth from our families and join a denomination holding tenets far different from those which our parents had espoused.

Let us each recollect that as God has given every man a head on his shoulders, every man is bound to use his own head and not his father’s. God gave your father judgment. Well and good. He judged for himself. He has given you a judgment—judge for yourself too.

Say concerning all that you have received in your early childhood, “Well, I will not lightly part with this, for it may be sterling gold, but at the same time, I will not blindly hoard it, for it may be counterfeit coin. I will sit down to the study of the Sacred Book and I will endeavor, as far as I can, to unprejudice myself. I will read the Bible just as if I had never heard any preacher, or had never been taught by a parent. And I will there endeavor to find out what God says and what God says, be it what it may, I will believe and espouse, hoping that by His grace I may also feel the power of it in my own soul.”

2. Remember, also, to bring the preachers of the Gospel to this standard. A great many of you know but very little about what Gospel is. The general notion of the masses is that we are every one of us right—that though today I may contradict someone else and someone else may contradict me—yet we are all right. And though it is treason to common sense to believe such a thing, yet this is a common idea.

Some men always believe like the last speaker. Should they hear the most hyper of hyper-Calvinists, they believe with him the fullness of the doctrine of reprobation. Should they hear on the morrow the lowest of Arminians, they believe with him the most universal of redemptions and the most powerful of free wills.
Should they then hear the genuine Calvinist, who preaches that man has destroyed himself, but in God is his help found, perhaps then they think this man contradicts himself and for once they rebel against their teachers. But it is probable that should they hear such a person again, they will be easily reconciled to seeming contradictions—for to them it is just the man’s appearance, just the man’s way of saying the thing that they like, and not the thing that he says.

Just as I have heard of holy Mr. Durham, the writer of that sweet book on Solomon’s Song. If I had lived in his time, I should never, I think, have wanted to hear any other preacher. I would have sat, both by night and day, to receive the sweet droppings of his honeyed lips. But in his time there was a young preacher whose name is totally forgotten, whose church was crowded to the door, and Mr. Durham’s meeting house hard by forsaken.

The reason of that is, because the masses of people do not lay hold upon what is said, but upon how it is said. And if it is said smartly, said prettily, and said forcibly, that is enough for them—though it be a lie. But if the truth be spoken—that they will not receive, unless it be attended by some graces of oratory and eloquence.

Now, the Christian that has got above his babyhood does not care about how the man says it. It is the thing that is said that he cares about. All he asks is, “Did he speak the truth?” He just gets hold of the thing. To him the straw is nothing and the chaff less. He cares not for the trimming of the feast nor for the exquisite workmanship of the dish. He only cares for that which is solid food for himself.

Now, my dear friends, I claim for myself, when I enter this pulpit, the right of being heard. But I do not claim the right of being believed unless the words that I speak shall be in accordance with this Sacred Book. I desire you to serve me as I would have you serve everybody else—bring us each “to the law and to the testimony.”

I thank God, of my Bible I have no need to be ashamed. I sometimes am ashamed of this translation of it, when I see how, in some important points, it is not true to God’s Word. But of God’s own Word I can say, it is the man of my right hand, my meditation both day and night, and if there be aught I preach that is contrary to this Word, trample it in the mire, spit upon it, and despise it.

The truth lies here. It is not what I say, but what my God says that you are demanded to receive. Put myself and put all my brethren into the sieve. Cast us each into the fire. Put us into the crucible of truth. And what is not according to God’s Word must be consumed like dross.

3. There is another class of men quite contrary to those I have referred to. These men are their own preachers. They believe no one but themselves, and without knowing it, there is every reason for them to hate the Pope, because “two of a trade never agree,” they being Popes themselves. These persons, if they hear a truth preached, judge of it not by the Bible, but by what they think the truth ought to be.

I have heard a person, for instance, say, when he has heard the doctrine of election or of particular redemption, “Well, now, the doctrine does not please me, I do not like it.” And then he begins to urge some objection which he has forged upon his own anvil, yet never trying to quote a Scripture text to refute it, if he can—never turning to some old saying of the prophets and endeavoring to find out if the doctrine was an error, but only judging of it by his own opinion, by his wishes as to what the truth ought to be.

What would you think of a man who should say to an astronomer, “Now, it is of no use your telling me that the constellation of Scorpio is of such and such a shape. I tell you, I do not like the look of it. My dear fellow, I don’t think that the constellation of Scorpio ought to have been made that shape. And I think this star ought to have been put just here, instead of there—and then all would be well.”

The astronomer would simply smile at him and say, “Your opinion does not signify, because it does not alter facts. If you think I am wrong, your right way to disprove me is not to say where you think the stars ought to be, but just come and take a look through my telescope and see where the stars are.”

Now it is just the same with the truth. People say, “I do not like such a truth.” That is no refutation of it. The question is—is it in the Bible? Because if it is there, like it or not like it, it is a fact and all the minister has to do is to report the facts that he finds there.
Why, the astronomer cannot put the stars in a row, like a row of gas lights, to please you—and the minister cannot put the doctrines into a shape in which you would wish to have them cast. All the astronomer does is to map them out and say, “That is how they are in the sky.” You must then look at the sky and see whether it is so.

All I have to do is to tell you what I find in the Bible. If you do not like it, remember, that is no refutation of it, nor do I care for your liking it or not liking it—the only thing is, is it in the Bible? If it is there I shall not stop to prove it. I do not come here to prove a doctrine at all. If it is in the Bible, it is true—there it is. I tell it out. Reject it and you do so to your own condemnation, for you, yourself, believe the Bible to be true, and I prove it to be there, and therefore it must be true.

Should it be according to your mind? Would you like to have a Bible made for the devices of your own heart? If it were, it would be a worthless thing. Would you desire to have a Gospel according to your wishes? Then with some of you it would be a Gospel that allowed lasciviousness. Would you wish to have a revelation made that should pamper you in your lusts and indulge you in your pride? If so, this know, God will never stoop to feed your haughtiness or wantonness.

The Bible is a God-like book. He demands your faith in it. And though you kick against it, this stone can never be broken. But mark you, you may be broken upon it. Yea, it may fall upon you and bruise you to powder. Bring, then, I beseech you, your own thoughts and your own sentiments to the touchstone of the truth, for “if they speak not according to this word, it is because there is no light in them.”

4. And do the same with all books that you read. This is the age of bookmaking and book-writing. Nowadays, what with periodical literature and the books upon our shelves, our Bibles do not get much read. I will tell you a truthful story as it was told to me yesterday.

There was a young man, who is now a student for the ministry, so extraordinarily ignorant was he of his own Bible that upon hearing a young minister mention the story of Nebuchadnezzar’s being driven out from men, until his nails did grow like birds’ claws and his hair like eagles’ feathers, he said to the minister at the close of the sermon, “Well, that was a queer story you told the people, certainly. Where did you fish that up?”

“Why,” said the minister, “have you never read your Bible? Can you not find it in the Book of Daniel?” The young man had read a great many other things, but never read his Bible through—and yet was going to be a teacher of it!

Now, I fear that the same ignorance is very current in many persons. They do not know what is in the Bible. They could tell you what is in the Churchman’s Penny, or the Christian’s Penny, or the Churchman’s Magazine, or the Wesleyan Magazine, or the Baptist Magazine, or the Evangelical Magazine, and all that. But there is one old magazine, a magazine of arms, a magazine of wealth, that they forget to read—that old-fashioned book called the Bible.

“Ah!” said one, when he came to die who had been a great classic reader, “I would to God I had spent as much time in reading my Bible as I have spent in reading Livy! I would to God I had been exact in my criticisms of Holy Scripture as I was in criticisms upon Horace!” Oh! that we were wise to give the Bible the largest share of our time and to always continue reading it, both by day and night, that we might be as trees planted by the rivers of water, bringing forth our fruit in our season!

Let us remember, as ministers of the Gospel, what M’Cheyne beautifully said. “Depend upon it,” said he, “it is God’s Word, not man’s comment upon God’s Word, that saves souls.” And I have marked, that if ever we have a conversion at any time, in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred, the conversion is rather traceable to the text, or to some Scripture quoted in the sermon, than to any trite or original saying by the preacher.

It is God’s Word that breaks the fetters and sets the prisoner free—it is God’s Word instrumentally that saves souls, and therefore, let us bring everything to the touchstone—“To the law and to the testimony; if they speak not according to this word, it is because there is no light in them.”
II. Now I pass to my second point. Brethren, let me show you some of the GOOD EFFECTS that you will derive from a minute and careful study of the law and testimony of God.

1. First, remember, that unless you study the Word of God you will not be competent to detect error. A man may in your hearing preach downright falsehoods, but you will not be qualified to judge concerning that falsehood unless you have studied the Word of God.

You and I would not be fit to sit on the judgment bench of some of the superior courts of our land because we are not acquainted with the intricacies of the law. We could not quote precedents, for we have not been learned therein. And so no man is able to judge concerning the thing that he hears unless he is able to quote Scripture—unless he understands the Word of God and is able to perceive and to know what it means.

But I hear someone say that the Bible is so difficult a book that he is sure he never could understand it. Mark you, man, the Bible is so plain a book that he that is willing to understand it may do so. It is so plain that he that runs may read and read while he runs. Yea, it is so plain that the simpler a man is, the more easily he can understand it.

All the learning that man ever received is rather a hindrance than a benefit when he comes for the first time to read the Word. Learning may untie many a knot afterwards. It may unravel many a mystery in later times. But we have heard deep-minded critics say that at first they would have given all the world if they could have thrown their learning aside just to read the Bible as the humble cottager reads it and believe it as God’s Word without any quibbles of criticism.

You know how Mrs. Beecher Stowe represents Uncle Tom reading it. He could not read it fast. So he just spelt it over letter by letter, and word by word. And the Bible is one of the books, she says, that always gains by that way of reading. You recollect how he read it. “Let—not—your—hearts—be—.” And then he stopped at the long word and he fumbled it out at last and it was, “troubled. Ye believe in God, believe also in me.”

Why, it gets sweeter from your being a long time reading it. And so far from your want of learning disqualifying you from understanding the Bible, the mass of it is all the more understandable from the simplicity of your heart.

Come you and search the Scriptures. They are no such mysterious fables or learned volumes of hard words as some men say. This is no closed book as the priest would tell us. It is a volume which the Sunday school child may understand if the Spirit of God rests upon his heart. It is a book which the rough-handed workman may comprehend as well as the learned divine and many such have become exceedingly wise therein.

I say again, read your Bibles that you may be qualified to detect error.

2. But again, I do not like a man who is always looking out for error. That man has got some error in his own heart, depend upon it. They say, “Set a thief to catch a thief.” And it is very likely that there is some love of error in your heart or else you would not be so ready to suspect it in other people.

But let me give you another reason. Search your Bibles, for then, when you are in a matter of dispute you will be able to speak very confidently. There is nothing gives a man so much power amongst his fellows as confidence. If in conversation I am contradicted as to any sentiment that I propound—if I have got Scripture at my fingertips—why I laugh at my opponent and though he be never so wise and has read ten times more books than I have ever seen, I just smile at him, if I can quote Scripture, for then I am confident—I am sure—I am certain about the matter—for “Thus says the Lord,” is an argument that no man can answer.

It makes a man seem very foolish when he has to speak in a diffident manner. I always think that certain elegant ministers, who are afraid of being called dogmatic and who therefore propound the Gospel as if they did not hardly like to say they were sure it was true—as if they thought so, they nearly thought so—still they did not think so quite enough to say they knew, but leave it to their hearers. I always think they show the littleness of their minds in so doing.
It may be a great thing to doubt, but it is a great thing to hold your tongue while you are doubting, and not to open your mouth till you believe, and then, when you do open your mouth, to say the thing you know is true and stick to it—not as an opinion—but as an incontrovertible fact. No man will ever do much among his fellows till he can speak confidently what he knows to be revealed.

Now, Bible readers, you can attain this confidence, but you can get it nowhere else but at the foot of Scripture. Hear ministers alone, and you shall be led to doubt—for one of them shall confound what his brother sought to prove. But read your Bibles, and when you get the Word legible by its own light, impressed upon your own hearts by the Holy Spirit, then

“Should all the forms that men devise,  
Assault your faith with treacherous art,  
You’ll call them vanity and lies,  
And bind the Gospel to your heart.”

3. Furthermore, search the Scriptures and bring everything you hear to this great test, because in so doing you will get a rich harvest of blessing to your own soul. I suppose there is scarce a text in Holy Scripture that has not been the instrument of the salvation of a soul. Now, “He that walketh among wise men will be wise” and he that walks amongst the wise men that wrote Holy Scripture stands at least the highest probability of being made wise unto salvation.

If I desired to put myself into the most likely place for the Lord to meet with me, I would prefer the house of prayer, for it is in preaching that the Word is most blessed. But still I think I should equally desire the reading of the Scriptures, for I might pause over every verse and say, “Such a verse was blessed to so many souls—then, why not to me? I am at last at the pool of Bethesda. I am walking amongst its porches and who can tell but that the angel will stir the pool of the Word whilst I lie helplessly by the side of it, waiting for the blessing?”

Yea, the truth is so great that God has blessed every word of Scripture, that I remember a striking anecdote of the conversion of a man by a passage of Scripture that did not seem adapted for any such purpose. You know that chapter in Genesis, that very dull chapter, where we read, “and Methuselah lived 969 years and he died,” and such a one lived so many years and he died? We have heard of its being read once in public, and a man who stood there, when he heard the words often repeated, “and he died,” thought, “Ah! and I shall die!” And it was the first note of warning that had ever struck his seared conscience and was the means under God of bringing him to Jesus.

Now, read the Scriptures for this reason. If you desire salvation and if you are panting after mercy, if you feel your sin and want salvation, come you to this sea of love, to this treasury of light, to this wardrobe of rich clothing, to this fountain of bliss. Come you and have your wants supplied out of the fullness of the riches of Jesus, who is “evidently set forth” in this Word, “crucified among you.”

III. And now let me endeavor, as briefly as I can, to urge upon you yet again the constant and perpetual reading of the Word of God—not only for the reasons that I have now propounded, but for others more important. Many false prophets have gone forth into the world—I beseech you, then, if you would not be led astray—be diligent in the study of the Word of God.

In certain parts of Dr. Livingston’s travels, he tells us that his guides were either so ignorant or so determined to deceive him that he could have done far better without them than with them. He had constantly to refer to his compass, lest he should be led astray.

Now, I would not say a hard thing if I did not believe it true. But I do solemnly think that there are some professed teachers of the Word, who are either so ignorant of spiritual things in their own hearts, or else so determined to preach anything but Christ, that you might do better without them than with them.

And hence you have an absolute necessity to turn perpetually to this great compass by which alone you can steer your way. I scorn a charity that after all is not charity. I must tell you what I believe. Some
would have me now stand here and say, “All who are eminent preachers are most certainly truthful preachers.” Now I cannot say it. If at any time I hear a man preach the doctrine of Justification by Faith alone, through the merits of Christ, I give him my hand and call him my brother, because he is right in the main thing.

But when I do that, I am a long way from endorsing many other of his sentiments. It may be that he denies the effectual power of the Spirit in conversion. It may be he does not hold the doctrine of the entire depravity of the human race—does not insist upon free sovereign grace—does not hold forth and teach the doctrine of substitution and satisfaction through Christ.

Now, I will not so befool myself as to tell you that wherein that man differs from the Word of God he is true. No doubt that man may be blessed for your salvation, but there may be a curse upon his ministry notwithstanding—so that while you may be saved by it—you may be all your lifetime subject to bondage through it, and you may go groaning, where you ought to have gone singing—crying, where you might have had a sacred burst of joy.

You sit under such and such a man who has been made the means of your conversion. But he tells you that your salvation depends upon yourself and not upon the power of Christ. He insists upon it that you may, after all, fall from grace and be a castaway. He tells you that although you are saved, God did no more love you than He loved Judas—that there is no such thing as special love, no such thing, in fact, as election.

He tells you that others might have come to Christ, as well as yourself—that there was no extraordinary power put out in your case more than in any others. Well, if he does not lead you to glory in man, to magnify the flesh, and sometimes to trust in yourself—or else lead you to distress yourself where there is no need for distress—I should marvel indeed, inasmuch as his doctrine is false and must mislead you. It may be the means of your salvation, and yet it may fail in many points to minister to your edification and comfort. Therefore, if you would not be thus misled, search you the Scriptures.

But ah! there is a solemn danger of being absolutely misled. You may hear all that the minister says, but he may forget to tell you the vital part of the truth. He may be one who delights in ceremonies, but does not insist upon the grace therein. He may hold forth to you the rubric and sacrament, and tell you there is efficacy in obedience to the one, and attention to the other, and he may forget to tell you that, “Except a man be born again of the Spirit he cannot see the kingdom of God.”

Now, under such a ministry you may not only be misled, but alas! you may be destroyed altogether. He may be one who insists much upon morality of life. He may tell you to be honest, just, and sober. But mayhap he may forget to tell you that there is a deeper work required than mere morality. He may film the surface over and never send the lancet into the deep ulcer of your heart’s corruption. He may give you some palliating dose, some medicine that may still your conscience. He may never say to you, “There is no peace, saith my God, to the wicked.”

He may be one of those that prophesies smooth things—that does not like to disturb you. And oh! remember that your minister may be the instrument in the hands of Satan of blindfolding your eyes and leading you to hell, while all the while you thought you were going to heaven.

Ah, and hear me yet—I do not exclude myself from my own censure. It may be possible—I pray God it may not be so—that I myself may have mistaken the reading of Holy Scripture, that I may have preached to you, “another gospel which is not another,” and therefore I demand of you that my own teaching, and the teaching of every other man, whether by pen or lip, should be always brought “to the law and to the testimony,” lest we should deceive you and lead you astray.

Ah! my hearers, it would be an awful thing if I should be the means of leading any of you into the gulf. Although in some measure your blood must be upon my head, if I deceive you, yet I beseech you, remember that I am not further responsible for your souls than my power can carry me. If you are misled by me, after this solemn declaration of mine, you shall be as verily guilty as if I had not misguided you.

For I charge you, as you love your own souls, as you would make sure work for eternity, put no more trust in me than you would in any other man, only so far as I can prove, by infallible testimony of
God’s Word, that what I have said is true. Stand you always to this. “To the law and to the testimony; if they speak not according to this word, it is because there is no light in them.”

I heard a story once that I remember to have told before, of some young person going out of the place and saying, “Well, I don’t like Mr. Spurgeon at all. He is so high in doctrine—he said so and so.” And then the young body quoted a text out of the Bible as a very wicked thing that I had said—something about the potter having power over the clay. So the friend who was with her said, “It was Paul said that, not Mr. Spurgeon.” “Ah!” she said, “and I think the apostle Paul was a great deal too high too.”

Well, we are very glad to incur censure of that sort and will not at all object to go with Paul wherever he may go. But we do beseech you never at any time to take our bare saying for a thing, but always to turn to your Bible and see whether it is so.

That is a good habit some Christian fathers have. When the boys and girls come home, they say, “Well, now, what was the text?” And then the father wants them to explain what the minister has said. And even the small boy knows something, and tells something or other that the minister said from the pulpit. Then the father turns to his Bible to see whether these things be so. Then he endeavors to explain the hard things. So that they become like those noble Bereans, who were more noble than those of Thessalonica because they searched the Scriptures, whether those things were so.

And now I may just hint at one or two peculiarities in that which I have ever preached to you, which peculiarities I desire you most anxiously to inquire into. Now, take nothing at second hand from me, but try all of it by the written Word. I believe and I teach that all men by nature are lost by Adam’s fall. See whether that be true or not.

I hold that men have so gone astray that no man either will or can come to Christ except the Father draw him. If I be wrong, find me out. I believe that God, before all worlds, chose to Himself a people whom no man can number, for whom the Savior died, to whom the Holy Spirit is given, and who will infallibly be saved. You may dislike that doctrine—I do not care—see if it is not in the Bible. See if it does not there declare that we are “elect according to the foreknowledge of God the Father,” and so on.

I believe that every elect child of God must assuredly be brought by converting grace from the ruins of the fall and must assuredly be “kept by the power of God, through faith, unto salvation,” beyond the hazard of ever totally falling away. If I be wrong there, get your Bibles out and refute me in your own houses.

I hold it to be a fact that every man who is converted will lead a holy life and yet at the same time will put no dependence on his holy life, but trust only in the blood and righteousness of Jesus Christ. And I hold that every man that believes is in duty bound to be immersed. I hold the baptism of infants to be a lie and a heresy.

But I claim for that great ordinance of God, believer’s baptism, that it should have the examination of Scripture. I hold that to none but believers may immersion be given and that all believers are in duty bound to be immersed. If I am wrong, well and good—do not believe me. But if I am right, obey the Word with reverence.

I will have no error, even upon a point which some men think to be unimportant, for a grain of truth is a diamond and a grain of error may be of serious consequence to us—to our injury and hurt. I hold, then, that none but believers have any right to the Lord’s Supper, that it is wrong to give the Lord’s Supper indiscriminately to all and that none but Christians have a right either to the doctrines, the benefits, or the ordinances of God’s house. If these things be not so, condemn me as you please. But if the Bible is with me, your condemnation is of no avail.

And now I charge you that are now present to read your Bibles, for one thing—read your Bibles to know what the Bible says about you. And some of you when you turn the leaves over, will find the Bible says, “Thou art in the gall of bitterness and in the bonds of iniquity.” If that startles you, turn over another page and read this verse—“Come unto me, all ye that labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest.”
And when you have read that, turn to another and read, “Therefore being justified by faith, we have peace with God through Jesus Christ our Lord.” I pray you, put not away your Bibles till their dust condemns you—but take them out, bend your knees, seek for the Spirit of divine teaching, and turn you these pages with diligent search, and see if you can find there the salvation of your souls, through our Lord Jesus Christ.

May the blessing of God rest upon you in so doing, through Jesus Christ. Amen.

Taken from The Metropolitan Tabernacle Pulpit C. H. Spurgeon Collection. Only necessary changes have been made, such as correcting spelling errors, some punctuation usage, capitalization of deity pronouns, and minimal updating of a few archaic words. The content is unabridged. Additional Bible-based resources are available at www.spurgeongems.org.