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A SERMON
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“*The woman said unto him, Sir, You have nothing to draw with, and the well is deep: from whence then have You that living water?*”
John 4:11.

THIS was a sensible and very important question. May the Holy Spirit graciously enable us to answer it aright! Our Lord’s great objective, in His talk with this woman at the well, was not to convince her of His oratorical power, for He spoke to her as simply as one would speak to a child. Many sermons are far too elaborate in their construction; they are evidently intended to display the preacher’s own powers. But if we would imitate the Lord Jesus Christ, the true Prince of preachers, we would not strain after effect; and we would get a better effect, without any straining, by taking the living truth, and telling out, as simply as possible, the story of salvation.

Jesus Christ’s sole objective, in talking with this woman, was to bring her to salvation. That is also my objective with regard to my hearers and readers; and, my dear unconverted friends, if you shall agree with me in that objective, and shall breathe the prayer, “Lord, help the preacher to speak to my soul that I may find Christ,” there will be joy among the angels of heaven over sinners repenting and returning unto the Lord.

Our Savior, in seeking to win this woman to Himself, was completely successful. He hit the mark He aimed at; His shot struck the very center of the target. Only one sermon was preached to her—no, it was hardly a sermon—just a brief talk with her, and the woman received the living word. Alas! There are some of you, who have had a great many affectionate talks, from godly mothers and fathers, or from earnest ministers, teachers, or other Christian friends; but, so far, they have not been as successful as Jesus of Nazareth was on this occasion. You have heard many sermons—you cannot tell how many you have heard, and some of them have produced some effect upon you; but, up to the present, you have not been slain by the sword of the Spirit, nor quickened by Jesus Christ the Life-giver. I hope the Lord is about to do what has not been done before; and, with the accumulated responsibility upon you of having heard the gospel so often in vain, I think you should the more earnestly breathe the prayer to God, “O Lord, let this be the effectual time of speaking to me! Call me as You did the Samaritan woman. While the preacher is speaking, and I am listening to Your Word as it shall be proclaimed, graciously grant that Jesus may be revealed to my soul, and that He may say to me, ‘I that speak unto you am He.’” If you are brought to pray that prayer from your heart, I believe that it will be answered, and so, as I have already said, there will be joy in the presence of the angels of God over you. Our Lord aimed at this woman’s conversion by simply instructing her, and bringing the truth home to her conscience. Let us see whether, if we do the same thing, trusting in the same Spirit that anointed our Master, similar results will follow here as followed at the well of Sychar.

First, then, I am going to *expound the teaching which preceded the woman’s question, and suggested it*; then, secondly, I will *answer the question*; and then, thirdly, I will *draw some inferences from it*.

I. First, then, **WHAT WAS IT THAT LED THIS WOMAN TO ASK OUR SAVIOR THE QUESTION, “From whence then have You that living water?”**

Jesus Christ had told her that had she known Him, she would have asked of Him, and He would have given her living water. There was Jacob’s well; they were both of them close to it, and they could look down into it. There was some water in it, but the well of Sychar was not a well of “living water.” You
probably know that the expression which is translated “living water” refers to water that springs up from a fountain; but the well of Sychar is not a well of that kind. The water in it is surface water, the gathering of the neighboring hills; land water, not spring water. Jesus Christ seemed to draw His illustration from that fact: “The water in that well runs into it, and is drawn out from it; but if you had asked Me, I would have given you water that bubbles up—water that is full of life, very different from this well water—water from the great deep that ‘couches beneath.’” You know the difference between those two sorts of water. I have illustrated it before by the two wells which are in the courtyard of the Doge’s palace at Venice. One of them has its copper or bronze margin worn with holes cut by the string by which little cans are let down to fetch up the water that wells up from the spring; it is so precious because it springs up from a living fountain. The other well, which looks very much like the one I have mentioned, is not worn at all. Very few people care to draw from it; and the reason is, because it is simply filled with water brought into the city. It is flat, dead water, not “living water” at all. So Jesus Christ had used this illustration in speaking with the woman: “You have come here, to draw this water out of the well—the mere rain water that runs into Jacob’s well; but if you had asked of Me, I would have given you water of a far better sort—water with life in it—water which would be life unto you—water which would be in you a well of water springing up into everlasting life.”

The woman caught the figure, though she did not at first understand its spiritual meaning. Its spiritual meaning is this—that Jesus Christ has grace in Himself—grace to give to sinners—grace to give to those who ask Him for it; for He said to the woman, “You would have asked of Him, and He would have given you living water.” In the Lord Jesus Christ, then, there is a deep fountain of grace always springing up within Himself. “It pleased the Father that in Him should all fullness dwell;” and it does dwell in Him. To Him, the Spirit has been given without measure. There is no meager supply of grace in Christ. He has an abundance, and I might almost say a redundance forever springing up within Himself. And this He has on purpose to give away. He has it not for Himself, for He needs it not. Almighty and ever-blessed as He is by nature, co-equal and co-eternal with the Father and the Spirit, He needs no grace for Himself; but what He has is all for Him to give away. He came into this world to open up channels by which He might distribute all His grace to thirsty souls.

And He gives it all away far the asking—almighty grace to be had for the asking! No human merit can demand it, and no performance of any earthly ceremony is required in order to obtain it. Here it is in a nutshell: “You would have asked . . . and He would have given.” “If any man lack wisdom, let him ask of God;” And if any man lack pardon, let him do the same. If any man lack anything that is essential to his purity, to his happiness, to his present life, or to his future life, it is stored up in Christ, and it can be had from Him for the asking. “He that spared not His own Son, but delivered Him up for us all, how shall He not with Him also freely give us all things?”

The teaching of the text to you unconverted people is this—if ever you are saved, it must be by the grace of God. That grace is in Jesus Christ; it has been put into Jesus Christ, not because He needs it Himself, but that He may distribute it; and He does distribute it, and whosoever asks it of Him receives it from Him; “for everyone that asks receives; and he that seeks finds; and to him that knocks it shall be opened.” And when you receive this grace, it will remain in you. It will not be like ordinary water, which you drink, and which then is done with, but it will live in you. It shall turn into a well of living water; inside your soul there shall be an ever-springing well of life, which never shall cease to flow, either in summer or in winter, and which, in glory, shall enable you to understand what that eternal life was which Jesus gave to you, and of which He said to His Father, “This is life eternal, that they might know You the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom You have sent.”

II. Now, secondly, I am going TO ANSWER THE QUESTION THAT THIS WOMAN PUT TO CHRIST.

Her question was, “from whence then have You that living water?” How did You come to have it? If You have living water, how is it that You have it? It is not in that well; and even if it were there, You have nothing to draw with, and the well is deep: “from whence then have You that living water?” What an important question this is to put in a spiritual sense! Lord Jesus, we hear that You have an abundance of grace, treasured up in You, which You do freely distribute among those who ask You for it; but where did You get it? How is it that You have this grace? In what way did it come to be stored up in You? ‘From
Sermon #2897

The Source

whence then have You that living water?” While I am asking this question, I pray every unconverted one, who desires to find peace with God, to say to himself or herself, “I am now to hear how it is that Christ can save; I am now to learn why it is that He is the Giver of grace to the guilty.” Perhaps, dear friend, while you are listening, you may see something in Christ which you never saw before, and faith may spring up in your soul almost insensibly to yourself; and before you go out of this place, you may be able to say, “I cannot fully explain this great mystery, but I know sufficient of the Lord Jesus Christ to believe in Him; I cannot but believe in Him now that I see how it is that He is so mighty to save.”

The first answer to the question, “From whence then have You that living water?” is this—He has it in His very nature. Jesus Christ is able to save because He is divine. “With God, all things are possible;” and Jesus Christ is God, so all things are possible with Him. “God is love;” and Jesus Christ is God, so He, too, is love. God possesses all things; and Christ is God, so He has all things freely to distribute among the sons of men. Jesus of Nazareth, as He sat on the well at Sychar, seemed to that woman, at first, to be only an ordinary Jew, and she wondered that He, being a Jew, should speak to her, a woman of Samaria. But veiled under the form of that Son of Mary, there was God Himself made flesh, and dwelling among men. Oh, it is glorious to think that He, who has come to redeem you, is no mere man, but over all God blessed forever! If a man were to tell me that he was going to take the world upon his shoulders, I would distrust his power to bear such a burden, even though he was as strong as Samson. But Jesus Christ, the Son of God, cannot only bear up this world, but the entire universe, upon His hand, for all fullness of power dwells in Him. If any man were to say that he would take upon himself the sins of the whole world, I should be even more diffident than if he proposed to play the part of Atlas, and to bear the world upon his shoulders. But when Jesus, who counted it not robbery to be equal with God, takes upon Himself the form of a servant, and yet has the iniquity of us all laid upon Him, I can understand how He can bear the tremendous load, for He bears the earth’s huge pillars up, and spreads the heavens abroad. When we think of Jesus as divine, nothing seems to be impossible to Him. The strength of sin, which is the law, is not too great for Him who made the law, and kept it, too. The sting of death, which is sin, shall certainly not be able to destroy, or even to resist, the almighty power of Him who has the keys of death and of hell. If you commit your soul, my dear friend, to the keeping of a man, or of an angel, you will have made a fatal mistake. If all the angels in heaven were to band themselves together to save a soul, and were to ask me to be the soul that they would seek to save, I would have nothing to do with them. Nobody, who is less than Deity, can save sinners, and Jesus is “mighty to save” because He is God as well as man. This is a basis upon which the soul’s hope may well be found and established forever. If the interposing Mediator be indeed “very God of very God”—and He is—we see from where He has this living water, and we can come to Him with the utmost confidence, knowing that He is able to save unto the uttermost all that come unto God by Him.

Another answer to the Samaritan woman’s question is that Christ has this living water by the divine purpose and appointment. It was the divine plan that Jesus Christ, the second Person of the blessed Trinity in Unity, should be appointed to be the treasury of grace for all His elect ones. In the council chamber of eternity, it was ordained that the Son of God should, in due time, come into this world, and take upon Himself our nature, and also our sin, and He was set apart, in the eternal purpose, so to do; and, in the proclamation of the gospel, that decree of the Lord is published to the sons of men. The Lord God has set forth His Son Jesus as the one propitiation for the sins of men; He is authorized by God to be a Savior, and He comes here, by divine appointment, to bestow upon us the blessings of His grace. When an ambassador comes to this land from another country, he brings credentials to prove that he is duly accredited by the authority that he represents, and our Lord Jesus Christ comes to men with credentials which prove that He was appointed by God to this service before all worlds were made, and that He will be divinely sustained in that appointment till time shall be no more; and then, having completed His mediatorial work, He will surrender the Kingdom to His Father, and God shall be All-in-all. So now, as Mediator, He stands, appointed by the Most High, to distribute the blessings of His grace, which is the living water of which our text speaks.

To me, this truth is inconceivably sweet; for, when I trust in Jesus Christ to save me, I rejoice to know that He is no amateur savior, who has come on His own authority, and at His own bidding. But, behold, the Father Himself has sent Him. He is the Messiah, the Sent One, the Anointed, the Christ of God. God
must accept His Son, for He sent Him into the world for this very purpose. If I bring to God the blood of
Jesus as the atonement for my sin, He must accept it, for He Himself ordained it as the medium of reconcilia-
tion. My blessed Savior, if I hide in You, I cannot be either dragged or driven from You, for God has set You apart to be the City of Refuge to which my poor soul may flee for protection and shelter. God has appointed Jesus “to be a Prince and a Savior, for to give repentance to Israel, and forgiveness of sins.” It
seems to me that these are two grand answers to the question of the Samaritan woman, “From whence then have You that living water?”—first, from His own natural and essential Deity; and, secondly, as the Mediator appointed and sustained by the eternal Father.

But, thirdly, the Lord Jesus could give a further answer to the woman’s question by referring to the
anointing which He had received from the Holy Spirit. On the day of His baptism in the Jordan, the Spirit descended upon Him, like a dove, and abode upon Him. He could truly say, “The Spirit of the Lord is upon Me, because He has anointed Me to preach the gospel to the poor; He has sent Me to heal the broken-hearted, to preach deliverance to the captives, and recovering of sight to the blind, to set at liberty them that are bruised, to preach the acceptable year of the Lord.” He was anointed by the Holy Spirit for the work of distributing the living water to the sons and daughters of men. He was God’s CHRISTOS—God’s “Anointed.” Those are two very precious titles which are often put together, Jesus Christ—the anointed Savior; they describe both His office and His qualification for that office. Well, then, behold Jesus Christ, with the fullness of the Spirit abiding upon Him, coming into the world endowed with all those divine gifts which, as Mediator, He needed, that He might be able to carry out the work which the Lord had of old appointed Him to do. The Spirit of God is still with Him, and He gives the Spirit to those who seek Him. This, then, is the third answer to the woman’s question, “From whence then have You that living water?” He has it because the Spirit of God is upon Him.

There is another answer, which may convince some, who have not been comforted or enlightened by
the previous ones; it could not have been given to the woman, at the time she put the question, except by way of anticipation; but say that Christ has this living water because His redeeming work is finished. He had it, virtually, during His life on earth, in foresight of the work which He had undertaken to finish. Hence it was that multitudes of souls went to heaven long before Christ had paid the ransom for them, His pledge and promise being a guarantee that the great deed would surely be accomplished. Think of this, that the Son of God, whom the holy angels worshipped without ceasing, should have come here in the form of a baby, who nestled in a woman’s arms—that He might save us! Oh, let the joy-bells ring as we think of God in human flesh! Does not the thought of Christ’s incarnation bring hope to the lost? May not sinners see, in it, how the living water finds a channel in which it can flow down to them in the person of the incarnate God—“Emmanuel, God with us”? “Unto us a Child is born, unto us a Son is given; and the government shall be upon His shoulders: and His name shall be called Wonderful, Counselor, The Mighty God, The everlasting Father, The Prince of Peace.” He lived for thirty years in this world, a quiet, humble life, working out a righteousness for all His people, fulfilling all the relationships of life into which He was brought; and so, when He came to be baptized, He openly revealed the work that He was doing all His life, namely, fulfilling all righteousness. Throughout the whole of His earthly career, He was living for us and working for us, and the merit of His unique life stands to the credit of all who believe in Him. At last, the time came for Him to die, for “without shedding of blood there is no remission.” The living water could not come to us unless Christ’s heart was opened to let it out. He must give His life a ransom for many, or else there could never be any ransomed souls. You know the sad, sad story. Jesus goes forth from the place where He had instituted the memorial supper, He enters Gethsemane’s garden, utters a series of agonizing prayers, in the course of which a shower of His precious blood falls upon the earth where He kneels. He rises from the ground, meets His betrayer, and receives the cruel traitor kiss. He thrusts aside the sword with which His too eager disciple would have defended Him; and He is led like a lamb to the slaughter; and like a sheep dumb before her shearers, He opens not His mouth to answer His accusers. He gives His back to the smiters, and His cheeks to them that pluck out the hair; He hides not His face from shame and spitting. Yes, though He is Lord of all, He voluntarily yields Himself up to a felon’s death, and gives up His immaculate body, which had never been stained by sin, to be pierced with the nails, and every bone to be dislocated by the jar as the cross is first lifted up, and then hurled down into its place. He hangs in the burning sun, parched with fever. He has no friend or comforter, for even
God has forsaken Him while He is bearing His people’s sin and His enemies mock and laugh at His agonies. He yields up His soul unto death without a murmuring word. He knew that the price of pardon was His blood, but His pity never withdrew; and, until He could say, “It is finished,” He held on to life. When it was finished, He submitted Himself to death, and the Lord of glory was laid in the new tomb in the garden. Now, if you ask me, “from whence, then, has Jesus of Nazareth, God incarnate, that living water?” I answer in three words—“Gethsemane, Gabbatha, Golgotha.” Put these three together—the place where He sweat great drops of blood, the place where He was scourged, and the place where He died—and you can comprehend why He has this living water.

Another answer to the woman’s question, “From whence then have You that living water?” is that He has it in the reward which His Father promised to Him for His mediatorial work: “He shall see of the travail of His soul, and shall be satisfied: by His knowledge shall My righteous servant justify many; for He shall bear their iniquities.” God’s only-begotten and well-beloved Son is to receive a full reward for all that He endured, and all that He has so far received of His Father is not for Himself, for He needs nothing; but He has received it that He may distribute it among the rebellious children of men. The psalmist truly sang, “You have ascended on high, You have led captivity captive: You have received gifts for men; yes, for the rebellious also, that the Lord God might dwell among them.” And this is whence He has that living water. Poor soul, groping in the dark, and trying to believe in Jesus, ought not this to enable you to believe in Him? Christ has lived, and loved, and bled, and died, and now there is a reward due to Him which can only be met by the salvation of all for whom He died. See, then, how He has the living water, and come and trust Him to give it to you freely.

There is one other answer to the woman’s question, “From whence then have You that living water?” It is this. Because of His intercession at His Father’s right hand in glory. Jesus, the God-man, the Mediator between God and men, ever lives to make intercession for us. “Wherefore He is able also to save them to the uttermost that come unto God by Him, seeing He ever lives to make intercession for them.” Look at Him, my brethren, the risen Christ at God’s right hand, if you can; see Him standing there, in His robes of glory and beauty, for He is no longer a sacrificing Priest, for His one sacrifice, in which He offered up Himself, is finished forever. Now He has put on the royal robes of the High Priest, for He is both a Prince and a Priest; and there He stands with our names engraved upon His breastplate, each glittering jewel dear to the eyes of God. Wherever He moves, the bells and the pomegranates upon His glorious garments pour forth sweet music in the ear of the Most High, for Christ is altogether lovely in the eyes of His Father, and He is always dear to the heart of His Father. There He stands as the great representative Man, fully acceptable to God—no, more, dearly beloved of God; and, for His sake, God looks upon all who are in Him with infinite love and divine complacency. Some of you may know what it is to have a beloved son away in America or Australia for many years. By and by, he comes home, and he brings his wife. You have never seen her, but you love her for his sake. Possibly he also brings home a dozen children. Well, that is a large addition to your family, but you welcome them all for your boy’s sake, do you not? I am sure you do; and you seem to see his image in them all. All who belong to him are dear to you for his sake. So, the ever-blessed God looks with unspeakable love upon the whole family of Christ because of the love which He bears to their covenant Head, and Lord, and Surety. This eternal life that is in Him—this boundless love that God gives to Him—this intercessory power that He has with the Father, and that He uses on our behalf—this is whence He has that living water.

III. Now may God the Holy Spirit especially aid us while we briefly notice, in the third place, THE INFERENCES TO BE DRAWN FROM THIS TRUTH.

If this is whence Christ has this living water, then He is still able to bless the children of men. If He had received grace from some temporary source of supply, it would have been exhausted long ago; but, since He received it from His own divine nature, from the purpose and plan of God, from the anointing of the Holy Spirit, from His own finished work, and from His ever-living power and infinite merit, since all these fountains of grace are as full today as they ever were, and since they always will be just as full, from the same source the stream of grace will continue to flow. If the deeps, from which a well draws its water, are always the same, then depend upon it, the supply in the well will always be the same. If, therefore, the great deeps from which Christ draws the living water cannot be supposed to be lessened, the living water is in Him, at this moment, as much as it was eighteen hundred years ago.
The remembrance of this truth should bring consolation to the soul of anyone who may have said, “I wish that I had lived long ago, when Christ was upon this earth in visible form.” You should not speak so, for you may as readily receive grace from Christ as did the woman of Samaria. The very words, which Jesus used to that poor fallen creature, He also addresses to you, “If you knew the gift of God . . . you would have asked of Him, and He would have given you living water.” Ask, and you shall have, even as she asked and received. It is abundantly clear that there is an ample supply of grace stored up in Christ Jesus for all who trust Him.

It is equally clear that He needs nothing from us. If He had drawn the living water out of the well at Sychar, He would have wanted to borrow the woman’s water pot; He would have said, “Now, mistress, you must lend Me your rope, and your water pot, for, otherwise, I cannot get at the water in the well.” But, as the living water comes only from Himself, He needs nobody’s water pot or rope. This is a very important matter, because you, sinners, will persist in bringing your water pots and your ropes to help Christ. You want to aid the Lord Jesus Christ, in some way or other, in His work of saving you. “Ah!” you say, “I know that He is a Savior, but then I must”—well, what “must” you do? “Oh!” says one, “I must do this,” and another says, “I must do that.” I will tell you all the “must” there is about your case; you must be willing to be nothing, and let Christ be everything. You must be the emptiness, and He must be the fullness. You must be the poverty, and He must be the riches. You must be the poor miserable beggar, and He must be your great Enricher, your All-in-all. That is all that is needed.

Then, once more, since this living water comes to Christ from His essential Deity and all the other grand things of which I have spoken, it is not exhausted at this present time. There is an abiding fullness in Christ since the living water comes thus to Him. Millions of happy spirits are now in heaven, who have drunk of this living water, but Christ is just as able to save millions upon millions more; and your sins cannot exhaust Christ’s fullness. I remember, when the thirst of my soul was so strong, by reason of my acute sense of sin, that I compared myself to behemoth, of whom the Lord said to Job, “He trusts that he can draw up Jordan into his mouth.” Well, now, if your soul’s thirst is so great that it will take more than Jordan to satisfy you, and the rivers of Abana and Pharpar after that, and Kishon after that, and the Mediterranean Sea after that, and the Pacific and Atlantic oceans after all those—if you could drink up all that is good in the whole universe, and still thirst for more, if you will receive grace from Christ, He will fill you to the full, yet He will still be just as full of grace as He ever was.

There was a sailor, who, if I remember the story rightly, once called at Lubbock’s Bank, to cash his pay notes. I think he was to draw £50, so he said to the clerk, “I don’t like to be hard on anybody. As you have to pay out this money, I will take ten pounds now, and I will call again, another day, for some more, as I don’t want to break you up.” Of course, you may imagine how they smiled at the simplicity of the man who thought that he might break the bank by drawing out such an enormous sum of money as fifty pounds all at once! You smile at the illustration, yet that is just exactly how many sinners treat the Lord Jesus Christ. They seem to think it is too much to expect to receive from Him the full and free forgiveness of all their sins; they imagine that it is too much for Christ to give all at once; but they do not know that the Lord Jesus Christ has already pardoned enough sinners to make heaven as bright with redeemed spirits as the sky is with stars, and yet He has as much pardoning mercy left as He ever had. After you draw from a perennial fountain as much water as you need, it still springs up as copiously as ever; so is it with the living water which is stored up in Christ, and you may have it, poor thirsty soul, as much as you need. I will not underestimate the greatness of your sin; it is indeed enormous; but since Christ has borne it, in His own body, on the tree, He knows its weight and all about it; and, as soon as you trust in Him, you will realize that He has forever put it all away.

So I think that the final inference to be drawn is that we should all take of this living water, which Christ so freely gives. “Ah!” says one, “I bless God that I drank of it years ago.” Never mind, brother; never mind, sister; come and drink of it again. Keep on receiving Jesus Christ again and again, continually looking unto Him as the Author and Finisher of your faith. Let us all go to Him, saints and sinners, saved and unsaved, this very moment. May the Holy Spirit draw us, and may we all, as one man, say, “I give myself up to You, O Savior, to save me; and I trust You to cleanse me from all my sin, and to present me at last, faultless, before the presence of Your glory with exceeding joy. I am nothing, and I have nothing that I can bring to You to merit Your esteem. I am nothing but a mass of sin and misery—not even feeling.
my sin as I ought to feel it. Look upon me, O Savior, in love and mercy, and give me the grace to drink of the living water this very hour, if I never drank of it before; and if I did drink of it long ago, let it spring up within me just now, and may I be conscious of its power, to my own comfort and to Your praise and glory!” If this is your prayer, my brothers and sisters, God will bless you, and we shall meet in heaven, by His grace, still to drink of the living water forever and ever, and to His blessed name we will ascribe all the praise and glory for our salvation, for Jesus’ sake! Amen.

EXPOSITION BY C. H. SPURGEON:

JOHN 4:1-34.

Verses 1-4. When therefore the Lord knew how the Pharisees had heard that Jesus made and baptized more disciples than John, (though Jesus Himself baptized not, but His disciples), He left Judaea, and departed again into Galilee. And He needed to go through Samaria.

And, surely, not only because it was the more convenient way, but because He had designs of love for some souls there, that His Father had given Him. There are many a needs-be in divine providence because of the needs-be of divine grace.

5, 6. Then He came to a city of Samaria, which is called Sychar, near to the parcel of ground that Jacob gave to his son Joseph. Now Jacob’s well was there. Jesus therefore, being wearied with His journey, sat thus on the well: and it was about the sixth hour.

Wearied, and needing rest, yet there was no rest for Him, except that He found His sweetest rest in winning immortal souls unto Himself.

7. There came a woman of Samaria to draw water: Jesus said unto her, Give me a drink.

That is practically what Jesus still says to the sons and daughters of men: “Give me a drink.” He asks for your love, for your trust, for your confidence. It is His meat and drink to bless your souls, and to give you the blessing that you need, and it is a refreshment to His spirit when you give Him the opportunity of thus blessing you.

8. (For His disciples were gone away unto the city to buy food).

It was a great mercy that the disciples were out of the way just then; had they been there, they might have tried to keep this poor woman from speaking to the Savior; and, sometimes, brethren, it may be well for us to be laid aside. God may do more good without our presence than with it; who can tell?

9, 10. Then the woman of Samaria said unto Him, How is it that You, being a Jew, asks a drink of me, which am a woman of Samaria? For the Jews have no dealings with the Samaritans. Jesus answered and said unto her, If you knew the gift of God, and who it is that says to you, Give Me a drink; you would have asked of Him, and He would have given you living water.

See, then, the evil of spiritual ignorance, and also see how the chain of grace works, “If you knew . . . you would have asked . . . and He would have given.” When God gives the knowledge of Christ to the soul, then there comes the spirit of prayer, and then consequent blessing.

11, 12. The woman said unto Him, Sir, You have nothing to draw with, and the well is deep: from whence then have You that living water? Are You greater than our father Jacob, which gave us the well, and drank thereof himself, and his children, and his cattle?

She took the Savior’s figure literally; and there are still many who cannot see the spiritual meaning of God’s Word, and run their heads against the hard stern letter which kills, instead of seeking and finding the inner living spirit which gives life. These are the people who build their hopes of salvation upon outward ordinances, and who impute saving power to “sacraments.” Would God that they knew better!

13-15. Jesus answered and said unto her, Whosoever drinks of this water shall thirst again: but whosoever drinks of the water that I shall give him shall never thirst; but the water that I shall give him shall be in him a well of water springing up into everlasting life. The woman said unto Him, Sir, give me this water, that I thirst not, neither come here to draw.

She was still unable to see the inner meaning of the Savior’s words; the outward sense still held her fast. She needed to have her conscience aroused, for that would prove to be the way into her heart. Christ has different doors for entering into different people’s souls. Into some, He enters by the understanding;
into many, by the affections. To some, He comes by the way of fear; to another, by that of hope; and to this woman He came by way of her conscience.

**16-19. Jesus said unto her, Go, call your husband, and come here.** The woman answered and said, I have no husband. Jesus said unto her, You have well said, I have no husband: for you have had five husbands; and he who you now have is not your husband: in that said you truly. **The woman said unto Him, Sir, I perceive that You are a prophet.**

Something had come home to her conscience through what the Savior said to her, so she began to speak about what He was, not about what she herself was. This often happens when the preacher is enabled, by divine grace, to come home to the conscience. The result is that the hearer says, “What a wonderful preacher he is!” But that will do no good; that is not the point at which we are aiming. “The woman said unto Him, Sir, I perceive that You are a prophet;” and off she goes, on a tangent, to inquire about various forms of religious observance. Evil liver as she was, she was still a person who wished to be regarded as a religious woman; and it is strange how often a certain religiousness will flourish even in the most depraved heart—not true godliness, however. So she propounded this difficulty to the Savior:—

**20. Our fathers worshipped in this mountain; and You say that in Jerusalem is the place where men ought to worship.**

“There are so many sects, can You tell me which is the right one?” That is the question which men often put to us when we begin to touch their consciences.

**21. Jesus said unto her, Woman, believe Me, the hour comes, when you shall neither in this mountain, nor yet at Jerusalem, worship the Father.**

This question is of very temporary interest. The hour comes, when neither of these places, nor yet any other, shall be considered sacred.

**22-24. You worship you know not what: we know what we worship: for salvation is of the Jews. But the hour comes, and now is, when the true worshippers shall worship the Father in spirit and in truth: for the Father seeks such to worship Him. God is a Spirit: and they that worship Him must worship Him in spirit and in truth.**

No longer is any consecrated building necessary to true worship; indeed, no building can be consecrated. No longer are we to be confined to canonical hours. No longer is God to be sought with the sensuousness of sweet music or of fragrant incense; but He is to be sought with the heart, and soul, and spirit.

**25, 26. The woman said unto Him. I know that Messiah comes, which is called Christ: when He is come, He will tell us all things. Jesus said unto her, I that speak unto you am He.**

This great truth burst upon her with all the force of a divine revelation, and faith came with the information. The words that had gone before had prepared her to expect this manifestation of Christ to her soul.

**27-34. And upon this came His disciples, and marveled that He talked with a woman: yet no man said, What do You seek? Or, Why do You talk with her? The woman then left her water pot, and went her way into the city, and said to the men, Come, see a man which told me all things that ever I did: is not this the Christ? Then they went out of the city, and came unto Him. In the meanwhile His disciples urged Him, saying, Master, eat. But He said unto them, I have meat to eat that you know not of. Therefore said the disciples, one to another, Has any man brought Him ought to eat? Jesus said unto them, My meat is to do the will of Him who sent Me, and to finish His work.**

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