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## THE NEW HEART NO. 212

## A SERMON DELIVERED ON SABBATH MORNING, SEPTEMBER 5, 1858, BY THE REV. C. H. SPURGEON, AT THE MUSIC HALL, ROYAL SURREY GARDENS.

"A new heart also will I give you and a new spirit will I put within you and I will take away the stony heart out of your flesh and I will give you a heart of flesh."

Ezekiel 36:26.

BEHOLD a wonder of divine love! When God makes His creatures, one creation He regards as sufficient and should they lapse from the condition in which He has created them, He allows them, as a rule, to endure the penalty of their transgression and to abide in the place into which they are fallen. But here He makes an exception. Man, fallen man, created pure and holy by his Maker, has willfully and wickedly rebelled against the Most High, and lost his first estate. But behold, he is to be the subject of a new creation through the power of God's Holy Spirit! Behold this and wonder! What is man compared with an angel? Is he not little and insignificant? "And the angels who kept not their first estate, but left their own habitation, He has reserved in everlasting chains under darkness unto the judgment of the great day." God has no mercy upon them! He made them pure and holy and they ought to have remained His, but inasmuch as they willfully rebelled, He cast them down from their shining seats forever. And without a single promise of mercy He has bound them fast in the fetters of destiny to abide in eternal torment! But wonder, you heavens, the God who destroyed the angels stoops from His highest throne in glory and speaks to His creature, man, and thus says unto him, "Now, you have fallen from Me even as the angels did. You have grossly erred and gone astray from My ways—not for your sake do I do this, but for My own name's sake—behold I will undo the mischief which your own hand has done! I will take away that heart which has rebelled against Me. Having made you once, you have unmade yourself—I will make you over again. I will put My hand a second time to the work. Once more shall you revolve upon the pottery wheel and I will make you a vessel of honor, fit for My gracious use. I will take away your stony heart and give you a heart of flesh. A new heart will I give you. A new spirit will I put within you." Is not this a wonder of divine sovereignty and of infinite grace, that mighty angels should be cast forever into the fire and yet God has made a covenant with man that He will renew and restore him?

And now, my dear friends, I shall attempt this morning, first of all, to show the necessity for the great promise contained in my text—that God will give us a new heart and a new spirit; after that, I shall endeavor to show the nature of the great work which God works in the soul when He accomplishes this promise; and afterwards, a few personal remarks to all my hearers.

I. In the first place, it is my business to endeavor to show THE NECESSITY FOR THIS GREAT PROMISE. Not that it needs any showing to the quickened and enlightened Christian, but this is for the conviction of the ungodly and for the humbling of our carnal pride. O that this morning the gracious Spirit may teach us our depravity; that we may thereby be driven to seek the fulfillment of this mercy which is most assuredly and abundantly necessary if we would be saved! You will notice that in my text God does not promise to us that He will *improve* our nature or that He will mend our broken hearts. No, the promise is that He will give us *new* hearts and right spirits! Human nature is too far gone ever to be mended. It is not a house that is a little out of repair, with here and there a slate blown from the roof and

here and there a piece of plaster broken down from the ceiling. No, it is rotten throughout! The very foundations have been sapped. There is not a single timber in it which has not been eaten by the worm from its uppermost roof to its lowest foundation. There is no soundness in it. It is all rottenness and ready to fall! God does not attempt to mend—He does not shore up the walls and paint the door. He does not garnish and beautify, but He determines that the old house shall be entirely swept away and that He will build a new one! It is too far gone, I say, to be mended. If it were only a little out of repair, it might be mended—if only a wheel or two of that great thing called, "manhood," were out of repair, then He who made man might put the whole to rights—he might put a new cog where it had been broken off and another wheel where it had gone to ruin and the machine might work anew. But no, the whole of it is out of repair! There is not one lever which is not broken; not one axle which is not disturbed; not one of the wheels which act upon the others. The whole head is sick and the whole heart is faint. From the sole of the feet to the crown of the head it is all wounds and bruises and putrefying sores! The Lord, therefore, does not attempt the repairing of this thing, but He says, "I will give you a new heart and a right spirit will I put within you. I will take away the heart of stone; I will not try to soften it; I will let it be as stony as ever it was, but I will take it away and I will give you a new heart and it shall be a heart of flesh."

Now, I shall endeavor to show that God is justified in this and that there was an abundant necessity for His resolution to do so. For in the first place, if you consider what human nature has been and what it is, you will not be very long before you will say of it, "Ah, it is a hopeless case indeed."

Consider, then, for a moment how bad human nature must be if we think how ill it has treated its God. William Huntington says in his autobiography that one of the sharpest sensations of pain that he felt after he had been quickened by divine grace was this, "I felt such pity for God." I do not know that I ever met with the expression elsewhere, but it is a very expressive one, although I might prefer to say sympathy with God and grief that He should be so evilly entreated. Ah, my friends, there are many men who are forgotten, who are despised and who are trampled on by their fellows. But there never was a man who was so despised as the everlasting God has been! Many a man has been slandered and abused, but never was man abused as God has been! Many have been treated cruelly and ungratefully, but never one was treated as our God has been! Let us look back upon our past lives—how ungrateful have we been to Him! It was He who gave us being and the first utterance of our lips should have been in His praise. And so long as we were here, it was our duty to have perpetually sung His glory. But instead of that, from our birth we spoke that which was false and untrue and unholy! And since then we have continued to do the same. We have never returned His mercies into His bosom with gratitude and thankfulness—we have let them lie forgotten without a single hallelujah. From our carelessness concerning the Most High you would think that He had entirely forgotten us—and that therefore we were trying to forget Him. It is so very seldom that we think of Him that one would imagine that surely He never gave us occasion to think of Him! Addison said-

> "When all Your mercies, O my God, My rising soul surveys, Transported with the view I'm lost In wonder, love, and praise."

But, I think if we look back with the eye of penitence, we shall be lost in wonder, shame and grief, for our cry will be, "What? Could I treat so good a friend so badly? Have I had so gracious a benefactor and have I been so unmindful of Him? Have I had so devoted a Father and yet have I never embraced Him? Have I never given Him the kiss of my affectionate gratitude? Have I never studied to do something whereby I might let Him know that I was conscious of His kindness and that I felt a grateful return in my bosom for His love?"

But worse than this, we have not only been forgetful of Him, but we have rebelled against Him! We have assailed the Most High! If we knew that anything was God-like, we hated it at once. We have despised His people; we have called them insincere, and hypocrites, and Methodists. We have despised His day. He set it apart on purpose for our good and that day we take for our own pleasure and our own labor instead of consecrating it to Him. He gave us a book as a love token and He desired us to read it, for it was full of love to us. And we have kept it fast closed till the very spiders have spun their cobwebs over the leaves! He opened a house of prayer and bade us go there and there would He meet with us and speak to us from off the mercy seat—but we have often preferred the theater to God's house and have been found listening to any sound rather than the voice which speaks from heaven!

Ah, my friends, I say again there never was a man treated by his fellow creatures, even by the worst of men, as bad as God has been and yet while men have been ill-treating Him, He has still continued to bless them! He has put breath into the nostrils of man even while he has been cursing Him! He has given him food to eat even while he has been spending the strength of his body in warfare against the Most High! And on the very Sabbath, when you have been breaking His commandment and spending the day on your own lusts, it is He who has given light to your eyes, breath to your lungs and strength to your nerves and sinews! He has been blessing you even while you have been cursing Him! Oh, it is a mercy that He is God and changes not, or else we sons of Jacob would long ago have been consumed, and justly, too!

You may picture to yourselves, if you like, a poor creature dying in a ditch. I trust that such a thing never happens in this land, but such a thing might happen as a man who had been rich, all of a sudden becomes poor and all his friends desert him. He begs for bread and no man will help him, until at last, without a rag to cover him, his poor body yields up life in a ditch! This, I think, is the very extreme of human negligence to mankind. But Jesus Christ, the Son of God, was treated even worse than this—it would have been a thousand mercies to Him if they had permitted Him to die unnoticed in a ditch—but that would have been too good for human nature! He must know the very worst and, therefore, God allowed human nature to take Christ and nail Him to a tree! He allowed man to stand and mock His thirst and offer Him vinegar and taunt and jeer Him in the extreme of His agonies! He allowed human nature to make Him its jest and scorn and stand staring with lascivious and cruel eyes upon His stripped and naked body!

Oh, shame on manhood—never could there have been a creature worse than man! The very beasts are better than man, for man has all the worst attributes of the beasts and none of their best! He has the fierceness of the lion without its nobility. He has the stubbornness of an ass without its patience. He has all the devouring gluttony of the wolf without the wisdom which bids it avoid the trap. He is a carrion vulture but he is never satisfied. He is a very serpent with the poison of asps beneath his tongue but he spits his venom afar off as well as near. Ah, if you think of human nature as it acts towards God, you will say, indeed, it is too bad to be mended—it must be made anew!

Again—there is another aspect in which we may regard the sinfulness of human nature—that is its pride. It is the very worst phase of man—that he is so proud. Beloved, pride is woven into the very warp and woof of our nature and we shall never get rid of it until we are wrapped in our winding sheet. It is astonishing that when we are at our prayers—when we try to make use of humble expressions we are betrayed into pride! It was but the other day I found myself on my knees, making use of such an expression as this—"O Lord, I grieve before You that ever I should have been such a sinner as I have been. Oh that I should ever have revolted and rebelled as I have done." There was pride in that—for who am I? Was there any wonder in it? I ought to have known that I was so sinful that there was no wonder that I should have gone astray! The wonder was that I had not been even worse and there the credit was due to

God, not to myself. So when we are trying to be humble, we may be foolishly rushing into pride. What a strange thing it is to see a sinful, guilty wretch proud of his morality!

And yet, that is a thing you may see every day. A man who is an enemy to God—proud of his honesty and yet he is robbing God! A man proud of his chastity and yet if he knew his own thoughts, they are full of lasciviousness and uncleanness. A man proud of the praise of his fellows while he knows that he has the blame of his own conscience and the blame of God Almighty! It is a wild, strange thing to think that man should be proud when he has nothing to be proud of! He is a living, animated lump of clay defiled and filthy, a living hell and yet proud! I, a base-born son of one who robbed his Master's garden of old and went astray and would not be obedient—of one who sunk his whole estate for the paltry bribe of a single apple—and yet proud of my ancestry? I, who am living on God's daily charity to be proud of my wealth—when I have not a single farthing with which to bless myself unless God chooses to give it to me? I, that came naked into this world and must go naked out of it—I, proud of my riches? What a strange thing! I, a wild asses colt; a fool that knows nothing; proud of my learning? Oh, what a strange thing that the fool called man, should call himself a doctor and make himself a master of all arts when he is a master of none and is most a fool when he thinks his wisdom culminates to its highest point! And oh, strangest of all, that man who has a deceitful heart—full of all manner of evil sensuality and adultery, idolatry and lust—should yet talk about being a good-hearted fellow and should pride himself upon having at least some good points about him which may deserve the veneration of his fellows, if not some consideration from the Most High! Ah, human nature, this is, then, your own condemnation, that you are insanely proud—while you have nothing to be proud of! Write "Ichabod" upon it. The glory has departed forever from human nature. Let it be put away and let God give us something new-for the old can never be made better—it is helplessly insane, decrepit and defiled.

Furthermore, it is quite certain that human nature cannot be made better, for many have tried it but have always failed. A man trying to improve human nature is like trying to change the position of a weathercock by turning it round to the east when the wind is blowing west! He has but to take his hand off and it will be back again to its place. So have I seen a man trying to restrain nature—he is an angry bad-tempered man and he is trying to cure himself a bit and he does. But it comes out and if it does not burn right out and the sparks do not fly abroad, yet it burns within his bones till they grow white with the heat of malice and there remains within his heart a residue of the ashes of revenge. I have seen a man trying to make himself religious and what a monstrosity he makes himself in trying to do it, for his legs are not equal and he goes limping along in the service of God! He is a deformed and ungainly creature and all who look at him can very soon discover the inconsistencies of his profession. Oh, we say it is vain for such a man to try to appear white, as well might the Ethiopian think he could make his skin appear white by applying cosmetics to it, or as well might the leopard think that his spots might be brushed away as for this man to imagine that he can conceal the baseness of his nature by any attempts at religion!

Ah, I know. I tried a long time to improve myself, but I never did make much of it. I found I had a devil within me when I began and I had ten devils when I left off. Instead of becoming better, I became worse. I had now the devils of self-righteousness, of self-trust and self-conceit! And many others had come and taken up their lodging-place. While I was busy sweeping my house and garnishing it, behold the one that I sought to get rid of and which had only gone for a little season, returned and brought with him seven other spirits more wicked than himself and they entered in and dwelt there. Ah, you may try and reform, dear friends, but you will find you cannot do it. And remember even if you could, still it would not be the work which God requires. He will not have *reformation!* He will have *renovation*—He will have a new heart and not a heart changed a little for the better!

But, once again, you will easily perceive we must have a new heart when you consider what are the employments and the enjoyments of the Christian religion. The nature that can feed on the garbage of sin and devour the carrion of iniquity is not the nature that ever can sing the praises of God and rejoice in His holy name! The raven yonder has been feeding on the most loathsome food—do you expect that she shall have all the kindliness of the dove and toy with the maiden in her bower? Not unless you could change the raven into a dove! As long as it is a raven, its old propensities will cling to it and it will be incapable of anything above the raven's nature. You have seen the vulture gorge to his very full with the very filthiest of flesh and do you expect to see that vulture sitting on the spray singing God's praises with its hoarse screaming and croaking throat? And do you imagine you will see it feeding like the chick on the clean grain unless its character and disposition is entirely changed? Impossible! Can you imagine that the lion will lie down with the ox and eat straw like the bullock so long as it is a lion? No! There must be a change. You may put on it the sheep's clothing, but you cannot make it a sheep unless the lion-like nature is taken away. Try and improve the lion as long as you like—Van Amburgh, himself, if he had improved his lions for a thousand years, could not have made them into sheep! And you may try to improve the raven or the vulture as long as you please, but you cannot improve them into a dove there must be a total change of character. And then you ask me whether it is possible for a man who has sung the lascivious song of the drunkard and has defiled his body with uncleanness and has cursed God, to sing the high praises of God in heaven as well as he who has long loved the ways of purity and communion with Christ? I answer, no, never, unless his nature is entirely changed—for if his nature remains what it is, improve it as you may—you can make nothing better of it. So long as his heart is what it is, you can never bring it to be capable of the high delights of the spiritual nature of the child of God! Therefore, beloved, there must assuredly be a new nature put into us.

And yet, once again and I will have concluded upon this point. God hates a depraved nature and therefore it must be taken away before it can be accepted in Him. God does not hate our sin as much as He does our sinfulness. It is not the overflowing of the spring—it is the well itself. It is not the arrow that shoots from the bow of our depravity—it is the arm, itself, that holds the bow of sin and the motive that wings the arrow against God. The Lord is angry not only against our overt acts, but against the nature which dictates the acts. God is not so short-sighted as merely to look at the surface—He looks at the source and fountain! He says, "In vain shall it be, though you should make the fruit good, if the tree remains corrupt. In vain shall you attempt to sweeten the waters, as long as the fountain itself is defiled." God is angry with man's heart. He has a hatred against man's depraved nature and He will have it taken away; He will have it totally cleansed before He will admit that man into any communion with Himself—and above all, into the sweet communion of Paradise. There is, therefore, a demand for a new nature and that we must have, or otherwise we can never see His face with acceptance.

II. And now, it shall be my joyful business to endeavor, in the second place, to set before you very briefly THE NATURE OF THIS GREAT CHANGE WHICH THE HOLY SPIRIT WORKS IN US.

And I may begin by observing that it is a divine work from first to last. To give a man a new heart and a new spirit is God's work and the work of God alone. Arminianism falls to the ground when we come to this point. Nothing will do here but that old-fashioned truth of God men call Calvinism. "Salvation is of the Lord alone." This truth of God will stand the test of ages and can never be moved because it is the immutable truth of the living God. And all the way in salvation we have to learn this truth of God, but especially when we come here to this particular and indispensable part of salvation—the making of a new heart within us. That must be God's work—man may *reform* himself—but how can man give himself a new heart? I need not enlarge upon the thought—it will strike you in a moment—that the very nature of the change and the terms in which it is mentioned here puts it beyond all power of man. How can man put into himself a new heart, for the heart being the motive power of all life must exert

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can you imagine for a moment a tree with a rotten heart, by its own vital energy giving to itself a new young heart? You cannot suppose such a thing! If the heart were originally right and the defects were only in some branch of the tree, you can conceive that the tree, through the vital power of its sap within its heart, might rectify the wrong. We have heard of some kind of insects that have lost their limbs and by their vital power have been able to grow them again. But take away the seat of the vital power—the heart—lay the disease there and what power is there that can, by any possibility, rectify it, unless it be a power from without—in fact, a power from Above? Oh, beloved, there never was a man yet that did so much as the turn of a hair towards making himself a new heart! He must lie passive there—he shall become active afterwards—but in the moment when God puts a new life into the soul, the man is passive—and if there is anything of activity, it is an active resistance against it, until God, by overcoming and victorious grace, gets the mastery over man's will!

Once again, this is a gracious change. When God puts a new heart into man it is not because man *deserves* a new heart—because there was anything good in his nature that could have prompted God to give him a new spirit. The Lord simply gives a man a new heart because He wishes to do it. That is His only reason! "But," you say, "suppose a man cries for a new heart?" I answer no man ever did cry for a new heart until he had one, for the cry for a new heart proves that there is a new heart there already! But, asks one, "Are we not to seek for a right spirit?" Yes, I know it is your duty—but I equally know it is a duty you will never fulfill! You are commanded to make to yourselves new hearts, but I know you will never attempt to do it until God first of all moves you to. As soon as you begin to seek a new heart, it is presumptive evidence that the new heart is already there in its germ, for there would not be this germinating in prayer unless the seeds were there before it.

"But," asks one, "suppose the man has not a new heart and were earnestly to seek one, would he have it?" You must not make impossible suppositions. So long as the man's heart is depraved and vile, he will never do such a thing. I cannot, therefore, tell you what might happen if he did what he never will do! I cannot answer your suppositions. If you suppose yourself into a difficulty, you must suppose yourself out of it. But the fact is that no man ever did or ever will seek a new heart, or a right spirit, until, first of all, the grace of God begins with him! If there is a Christian here who *began* with God, let him publish it to the world. Let us hear for once that there was a man who was beforehand with his Maker. But I have never met with such a case! All Christian people declare that God was first with them and they will all sing—

"It was the same love that spread the feast, That sweetly forced me in, Else I had still refused to taste, And perished in my sin."

It is a gracious change, freely given without any merit of the creature, without any desire or goodwill coming beforehand. God does it of His own pleasure, not according to man's will.

Once more, it is a *victorious* effort of divine grace. When God first begins the work of changing the heart, He finds man totally averse to any such a thing. Man by nature kicks and struggles against God. He will not be saved. I must confess I never would have been saved if I could have helped it. As long as ever I could, I rebelled and revolted and struggled against God. When He would have me pray, I would not pray—when He would have me listen to the sound of the ministry, I would not. And when I heard and the tears rolled down my cheeks, I wiped them away and defied Him to melt my heart. When my heart was a little touched, I tried to divert it with sinful pleasures. And when that would not do, I tried self-righteousness and would not then have been saved until I was hemmed in—and then He gave me the effectual blow of grace—and there was no resisting that irresistible effort of His grace! It conquered

my depraved will and made me bow myself before the scepter of His grace. And so it is in every case! Man revolts against his Maker and his Savior. But where God determines to save, save He will. God will have the sinner if He designs to have him. God never was thwarted yet in any of His purposes! Man resists with all his might, but all the might of man, tremendous though it is for sin, is not equal to the majestic might of the Most High when He rides forth in the chariot of His salvation! He does irresistibly save and victoriously conquer man's heart.

And furthermore, this change is *instantaneous*. To *sanctify* a man is the work of the whole life—but to give a man a new heart is the work of an instant in one solitary second! Swifter than the lightning flash, God can put a new heart into a man and make him a new creature in Christ Jesus. You may be sitting where you are today, an enemy of God with a wicked heart within—hard as a stone and dead and cold—but if the Lord wills it, the living spark shall drop into your soul and in that moment you will begin to tremble—begin to feel! You will confess your sin and fly to Christ for mercy. Other parts of salvation are done gradually but regeneration is the *instantaneous work* of God's sovereign, effectual and irresistible grace!

III. Now, we have in this subject a grand field of hope and encouragement to the very vilest of sinners. My hearers, let me very affectionately address you, pouring out my heart before you for a moment or two. There are some of you here present who are seeking after mercy. Many a day you have been in secret prayer till your very knees seemed sore with your intercession. Your cry to God has been, "Create in me a clean heart and renew a right spirit within me." Let me comfort you by this reflection, that your prayer is already heard! You have a new heart and a right spirit! Perhaps you will not be able to perceive the truth of this utterance for months to come—therefore continue in prayer till God shall open your eyes so that you may see that the prayer is answered. But rest assured it is answered already. If you hate sin, that is not human nature. If you long to be a friend of God, that is not human nature. If you desire to be saved by Christ, it is not human nature if you desire that without any stipulations of your own. If you are this day willing that Christ should take you to be His own; to have and to hold through life and through death—if you are willing to live in His service and if necessary, to die for His honor, that is not of human nature—that is the work of divine grace! There is something good in you already. The Lord has begun a good work in your heart and He will carry it on even unto the end. All these feelings of yours are more than you ever could have attained of yourself. God has helped you up this divine ladder of grace and as sure as He has brought you up so many staves of it, He will carry you to the very summit till He grasps you in the arms of His love in everlasting glory!

There are others of you here, however, who have not proceeded as far, but you are driven to despair. The devil has told you that you cannot be saved—that you have been too guilty, too vile. Any other people in the world might find mercy, but not you, for you do not deserve to be saved. Hear me then, dear friend! Have I not tried to make it as plain as the sunbeam all through this service that God never saves a man for the sake of what he *is* and that He does not either begin or carry on the work in us because there is anything good in us? The greatest sinner is just as eligible for divine mercy as the very least of sinners! He who has been a ringleader in crime, I repeat, is just as eligible for God's sovereign grace as he who has been a very paragon of morality, for God wants nothing of us. It is not as it is with the plowman. He does not desire to plow all day upon the rocks and send his horses upon the sand. He wants a fertile soil to begin with, but God does not. God will begin with the rocky soil and He will pound that rocky heart of yours until it turns into the rich black soil of penitential grief! Then He will scatter the living seed in that soil till it brings forth a hundredfold! But He needs nothing of you to begin with. He can take you, a thief, a drunkard, a harlot, or whoever you may be. He can bring you to your knees, make you cry for mercy and then make you lead a holy life and keep you unto the end. "Oh," says one, "I wish He would do that to me, then!" Well, soul, if that is a true wish, *He will*. If you desire this day

that you should be saved, there never was an unwilling God where there was a willing sinner! Sinner, if you will to be saved, God wills not the death of any, but rather that they should come to repentance. And you are freely invited this morning to turn your eyes to the cross of Christ. Jesus Christ has borne the sins of men and carried their sorrows. You are bid to look there and trust there, simply and implicitly! Then you are saved. That very wish, if it is a sincere one, shows that God has just now been begetting you again to a lively hope! If that sincere wish shall endure, it will be abundant evidence that the Lord has brought you to Himself and that you are and shall be His!

And now reflect, every one of you—you that are not converted—that we are all this morning in the hands of God. We deserve to be damned—if God damns us, there is not a single word that will be heard against His doing it. We cannot save ourselves. We lie entirely in His hands—like a moth that lies under the finger, He can crush us now, if He pleases, or He can let us go and save us. What reflections ought to cross our mind, if we believe that? Why, we ought to cast ourselves on our faces as soon as we reach our homes and cry, "Great God, save me, a sinner! Save me! I renounce all merit for I have none. I deserve to be lost. Lord, save me, for Christ's sake." And as the Lord my God lives, before whom I stand, there is not one of you who shall do this who shall find my God shut the gates of mercy against you! Go and try Him, sinner; go and try Him! Fall upon your knees in your chamber this day and try my Master! See if He will not forgive you. You think too harshly of Him. He is a great deal kinder than you think He is. You think He is a hard Master, but He is not. I thought He was severe and angry when I sought Him— "Surely," I said, "if He accepts the entire world besides, He will reject me." But I know He took me to His bosom. And when I thought He would spurn me forever, He said, "I have blotted out, as a thick cloud, your transgressions and as a cloud, your sins." And I wondered how it was and I still wonder! And it shall be so in your case. Only try Him, I beseech you! The Lord help you to try Him and to Him shall be the glory and to you shall be happiness and bliss, forever and ever. Amen.

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